

BRainerd Daily Dispatch.

VOLUME 3, NO. 26.

BRainerd, MINN., THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1903.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

4th of July CELEBRATION

AT

Gilbert Lake

Given By

U. O. F.

Dance - all - Day.

Log Rolling Contest---Prize \$5.00

Grand Display of

FIRE WORKS

At 9 O'clock

Buss leaves 6th and Front Streets Every
30 Minutes.

Come and Enjoy a Day's Outing

Refreshments on Ground.

BY UNANIMOUS VOTE.

IOWA REPUBLICAN CONVENTION
NOMINATES A TICKET AND
ADOPTS PLATFORM.

BOTH WINGS CLAIM VICTORY

CUMMINS MEN AND "STAND PAT-
TERS" FIND SOME ACTION
TO THEIR LIKING.

Des Moines, Ia., July 2.—The Republican state convention nominated the following ticket and adopted a platform of principles:

Governor—A. B. Cummins of Des Moines.

Lieutenant Governor—John Herriott of Stuart.

Supreme Judge—Charles A. Bishop of Des Moines.

Railroad Commissioner—David J. Palmer of Washington.

State Superintendent of Education—F. J. Riggs of Sigourney.

All the candidates were renominated by acclamation with the exception of state superintendent of education.

Harmony marked the proceedings of the convention, all of its actions being by unanimous vote. But after the ticket had been completed and the platform adopted, speeches were made which indicated that the Republican leaders of the state were not entirely agreed as to the details of tariff. The tariff plank adopted was one prepared by Senator Allison, after conferences with representative Republicans of the state.

No objection was made to it in the committee on resolutions or on its presentation to the convention. Governor Cummins, in his speech accepting renomination, approved the platform in its entirety, but announced that he would continue to hold to all the views expressed in his speeches within the past two years. Senators Allison and Dolliver, who made speeches, endorsed the platform as a correct statement of Republican principles, but Congressman Lacey and Congressman Cousins spoke in opposition to tariff changes.

Each Side Claims Victory.

Both wings of the party are claiming victory. Governor Cummins and his supporters say that the Allison tariff plank contains in substance all that is found in last year's plank, while "Stand Patters" are congratulating themselves on the elimination of the "shelter to trusts" clause, which attracted so much attention to the Iowa platforms of 1901 and 1902.

There were only two contests involving the questions of relative strength of the two wings of the party and these ended with honors even. The "Stand Patters" secured control of the committee on resolutions by a vote of six to five, but in the committee on permanent organization the Cummins men controlled and elected N. E. Kendall of Albia permanent chairman. Kendall received six votes to five for Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson, who was put forward by the "Stand Patters" as a candidate on whom all should be able to agree.

The convention, which was called to order at 11 o'clock by State Chairman Spence, was one of the largest held by the Republicans of Iowa in years.

The platform congratulates the nation on the present era of prosperity, commends the administration of Governor Cummins, rejoices in Iowa's leadership in national affairs, favors good roads legislation, endorses the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, commends the administration of President Roosevelt, and recommends his renomination and election, congratulates the people of the country that in his cabinet and advisers Iowa has such wise, able and judicious statesmen as Secretaries Shaw and Wilson. The platform says:

Praise for Iowa Solons.

"We congratulate the people of the state that in our representation in the senate we have persons of the highest wisdom and character, and in the lower branch of congress our representatives hold foremost positions in that body.

"We reiterate our faith in the historic principle of protection. Under its influence our country, foremost in the bounties of nature, has become foremost in production. It has enabled the laborer to successfully insist upon good wages and has induced capital to engage in production with a reasonable hope of a fair reward. Its vindication is found in the history of its success and the rapidity with which our national resources have been developed and our industrial independence secured, and we heartily renew our pledge to maintain it.

"Tariff rates enacted to carry this policy into effect should be just, fair and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly, to sectional discrimination and individual favoritism, and must from time to time be changed to meet the varying conditions incident to the progress of our industries and their changing relations in our foreign and domestic commerce. Duties that are too low should be increased and duties that are too high should be reduced."

Reciprocity is then endorsed and the treaty with Cuba approved, and the platform has the following in regard to trusts:

Trusts Should Be Regulated.

"We believe that the large corporations commonly called 'trusts' should

be so regulated and supervised both in their organization and operation that their evil tendencies may be checked and their evil practices prevented. In many instances they are efficient industrial instruments and the natural outcome of an inevitable process of economic evolution. We do not desire their destruction, but insist that they shall be so regulated and controlled as to prevent monopoly and promote competition and in the fullest measure subserve and advance the public good."

The president's recommendation to congress on the trust question, and the legislation enacted along that line are heartily commended; satisfaction is expressed with the improvement of conditions in the Philippines, and the steady progress made by the Philippine people towards self-government is admired; allegiance is renewed to the principles of the gold standard as enunciated in the national platforms of 1895 and 1900; enforcement of the law is advocated, disfranchisement on account of color is condemned and in conclusion the platform approves the liberal pensioning of soldiers and sailors by the Republican national administration.

HERMAN GETS THE CONTRACT.

New Jersey Man Will Print Money Order Blanks.

Washington, July 2.—Postmaster General Payne Wednesday awarded the contract for printing the money order blanks of the government to Paul Herman of Rutherford, N. J. Mr. Herman was the lowest of fourteen bidders and the award of the contract, which involves the payment of between \$300,000 and \$250,000 during the next fiscal year, will effect a saving of nearly \$45,000 in the four years' contract. Herman's bid was opposed by the present contractors, the Wyckoff-Hallenbeck Crawford company of New York, and by the United Typothetae of America. Superintendent Metcalfe of the money order bureau was dismissed some days ago on the charge of indiscretion in seeking the withdrawal of Herman as a bidder in favor of the present contractor. At a final hearing before the postmaster general Wednesday, Herman furnished an affidavit that he had been employed by the present contractors for nearly ten years and had no idea of competing with them. When he left their employ, which he said was before specifications were taken up, he made search for work and says that he concluded he had been practically blacklisted in the trades.

Thereupon he decided to start out for himself on a financial backing proffered by an intimate friend. He submitted other evidence to show that he was not a straw bidder, as alleged, and swore that he had not directly or indirectly assigned any interest whatever in the contract.

He testified that the firm which objected to his securing the contract offered after the bids had been opened, an increased salary to him provided he would withdraw his bid, which offer he rejected.

The award to Herman was based on an opinion by Assistant Attorney General Robb, holding that Herman's bid was made in good faith, that he has substantially complied with every condition prescribed in the specifications and that to disregard the bid upon the objection raised would be against both reason and sound public policy.

The New York company by Wednesday's award, lost the contract which it had held sixteen years.

SERIOUS CRISIS IN AUSTRIA.

Cabinet Resigns and the Situation is Extremely Complicated.

London, July 2.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says the resignation of the Austrian cabinet is semi-officially confirmed. The entire Austrian press agrees that no such serious crisis has affected the country for several years past. The situation in both halves of the monarchy is extremely complicated and no solution presents itself.

Snow Falls at Butte.

Butte, Mont., July 2.—Snow began to fall here at 4 o'clock in the afternoon and the indications are that the fall will be heavy. Butte has had snow on almost every fourth of July.

Trading in Sugar Futures.

New Orleans, July 2.—After opposition extending over a year's time, trading in contracts for the future delivery of sugar was at last established at the Sugar Exchange here Wednesday. Formerly American speculators who decided to trade in sugar were obliged to cable to London, Paris or Hamburg.

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GOLLMAR BROS.

BIG NEW RAILROAD SHOWS

Triple Circus, Elevated Stages, Roman Hippodrome, Free Horse Exhibit and Deep Sea Aquarium.

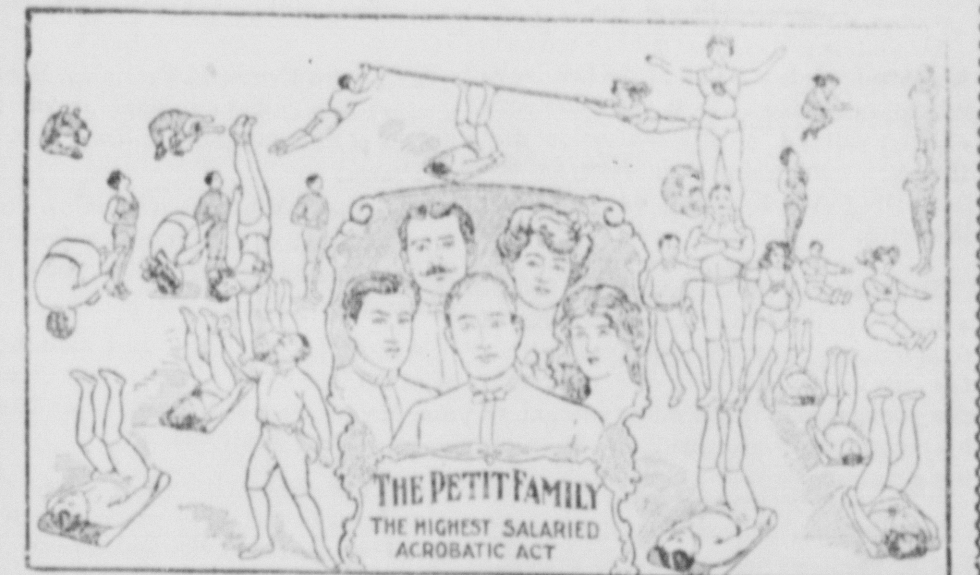
A Gigantic Undertaking, head and shoulders above our so-called rivals.

20-FUNNY OLD CLOWNS-20

A multitude of Riders, Leapers, Aerialists, Gymnasts, Charleaters and everything pertaining to the circus world. Big Double Menagerie of all the brute creation. Herd of big Elephants.

Gollmar Bros. \$20,000 Feature, The only Real Living Hippopotamus

in captivity; a savage blood sweating terror of the River Nile; the weird man-slaying monster; the only one in the known world on exhibition; afternoon and evening in Gollmar Bros. Millionaire Menagerie.



5 Bands of Music, 3 Circus Rings, Elevated Stages, 500 Men and Women employed, 300 Horses and Ponies.

Every morning at 10 o'clock a Grand Colossal
FREE STREET PARADE
a Mammoth Free Street Show.

7-OPEN-DENS-OF-WILD-BEASTS-7

Ponderous marching elephants. An amazing wonderland. 10 different kinds of music. A big double procession of shining armor, glittering dens, cages band chariots, rich and rare costumes of silks and satins, tableaux, floats, comedy provokers, a perfect blaze of splendor majestically moving upon the public highway at 10 o'clock.

Two performances Daily, Afternoon and Evening.

Doors Open at 1 and 7 O'clock.

Will exhibit **Friday, July 10**
at Brainerd.

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RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

New Regulations Will Provide That They Be Made by States.

Washington, July 2.—As a result of the investigation of the postal service a change for regulation of routes for periodical free delivery rural service has gone into practice by order of Postmaster General Payne. Under the new regulation the routes will be made by states irrespective of district congressional lines as heretofore. This is in line with recommendation of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow. Applications for routes will be investigated in order of their filing, the first petition receiving first attention in every state. There are now 15,000 petitions for routes now pending in the postoffice department and every congressman is being pressed by his constituents to secure expedition in their investigation and action. The matter of taking up applications by states instead of the narrower policy lines of districts within a state has been discussed between postal officials and a score or more representatives in congress and many of the latter have agreed that it is an equitable way of handling the business and it will relieve both them and the postoffice department of considerable embarrassment.

AGREE ON A PLATFORM.

Committees Arrange for the Union of Three Church Denominations.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 2.—The joint committee representing the Congregational, the Methodist Protestant and the United Brethren churches, after an all day session, came to an agreement on a platform for the union of the three denominations. The greater part of the day was taken up in considering the report of the subcommittee of five members of each denomination. This report embraced a number of recommendations and a letter to the churches. It was amended to some extent and finally adopted. An address to the governing bodies of the three churches was also adopted and both will be sent out for consideration.

Village Nearly Destroyed.

Toledo, O., July 2.—The village of Whitehouse was nearly wiped out of existence by fire. A total of fifteen dwellings and stores were burned, involving a loss of \$32,000, with about \$15,000 insurance.

One of Many Letters.

Geo. W. Wason, Oswego, N. Y., says: It is now three years since I took your MEDERINE course of treatment for blood poisoning, but I want to inform you of my gratitude for what it did for me. It saved me from worse than a living death. Only for your treatment I should have been on the other side of the River or in the Madhouse. I would to God that I had the power to spread the entire world the curative power of your Greatest of All Blood Cures.

An Ulcer Cured.

H. Brann, Fargo, N. D., writes: I had an ulcer on my left leg, and learning of the remarkable cures MEDERINE was making, I used in all two courses of your treatment, and to my surprise the ulcer was healed. The doctors told me there was no help for me. You can imagine my great joy over being cured, after years of suffering and waste of money. Use this as will best serve the public.

Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing testimonials of cures mailed free.

PRICE, \$1 PER BOTTLE.

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conditions in the Philippines, and the
steady progress made by the Philip-
pine people towards self-government
is admired; allegiance is renewed to
the principles of the gold standard as
enunciated in the national platforms
of 1895 and 1900; enforcement of the
law is advocated, disfranchisement on
account of color is condemned and in
conclusion the platform approves the
liberal pensioning of soldiers and sail-
ors by the Republican national ad-
ministration.

HERMAN GETS THE CONTRACT.

New Jersey Man Will Print Money On
Order Blanks.

Washington, July 2.—Postmaster
General Payne Wednesday awarded
the contract for printing the money
order blanks of the government to Paul
Herman of Rutherford, N. J. Mr. Her-
man was the lowest of fourteen bid-
ders and the award of the contract
which involves the payment of between
\$300,000 and \$250,000 during the next
fiscal year, will effect a saving of
nearly \$45,000 in the four years' con-
tract. Herman's bid was opposed by
the present contractors, the Wyckoff-
Hallbeck Crawford company of New
York, and by the United Typothetae
of America. Superintendent Metcalfe
of the money order bureau was dis-
missed some days ago on the charge
of indiscretion in seeking the with-
drawal of Herman as a bidder in favor
of the present contractor. At a final
hearing before the postmaster general
Wednesday, Herman furnished an
affidavit that he had been employed by
the present contractors for nearly ten
years and had no idea of competing
with them. When he left their em-
ploy, which he said was before speci-
fications were taken up, he made search
for work and says that he concluded
he had been practically blacklisted in
the trades.

Thereupon he decided to start out
for himself on a financial backing pro-
ffered by an intimate friend. He sub-
mitted other evidence to show that he
was not a straw bidder, as alleged,
and swore that he had not directly or
indirectly assigned any interest what-
ever in the contract.

He testified that the firm which ob-
jected to his securing the contract of-
fered after the bids had been opened,
an increased salary to him provided he
would withdraw his bid, which offer he
rejected.

The award to Herman was based on
an opinion by Assistant Attorney Gen-
eral Robb, holding that Herman's bid
was made in good faith, that he has
substantially complied with every con-
dition prescribed in the specifications
and that to disregard the bid upon the
objection raised would be against
both reason and sound public policy.

The New York company by Wednes-
day's award, lost the contract which it
had held sixteen years.

SERIOUS CRISIS IN AUSTRIA.

Cabinet Resigns and the Situation Is
Extremely Complicated.

London, July 2.—The Vienna cor-
respondent of the Daily Telegraph
says the resignation of the Austrian
cabinet is now definitely confirmed.
The entire Austrian press agrees that
no such serious crisis has affected the
country for several years past. The
situation in both halves of the mon-
archy is extremely complicated and no
solution presents itself.

GOLLMAR BROS. BIG NEW RAILROAD SHOWS

Triple Circus, Elevated Stages, Roman Hippo-
drome, Free Horse Exhibit and Deep
Sea Aquarium.

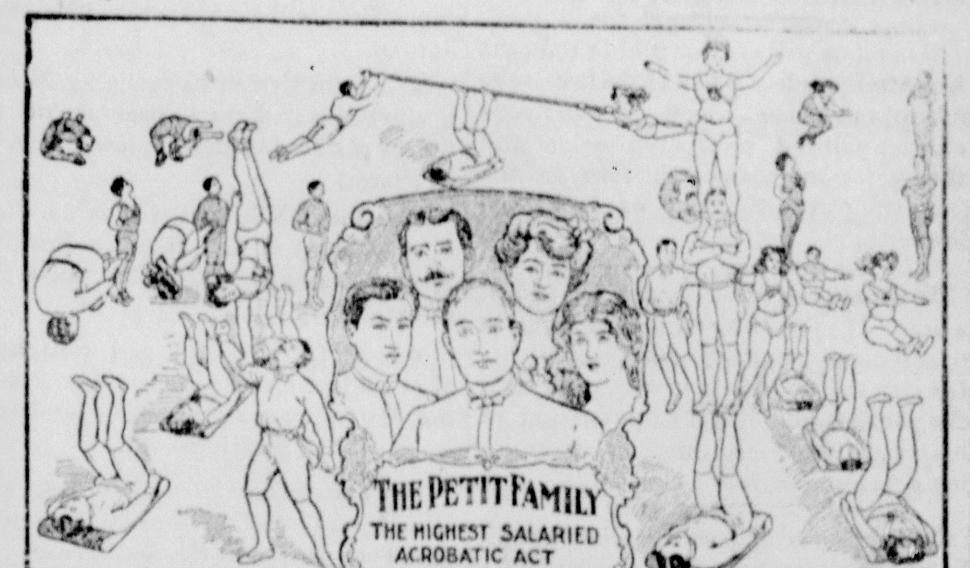
A Gigantic Undertaking, head and shoulders above
our so-called rivals.

20 FUNNY OLD CLOWNS 20

A multitude of Riders, Leapers, Aerialists, Gymnasts, Charioteers
and everything pertaining to the circus world. Big Double Menag-
erie of all the brute creation. Herd of big Elephants.

Gollmar Bros. \$20,000 Feature, The only Real Living Hippopotamus

in captivity; a savage blood sweating terror of the River Nile; the
weird man-slaying monster; the only one in the known world on
exhibition; afternoon and evening in Gollmar Bros. Millionaire
Menagerie.



5 Bands of Music, 3 Circus Rings, Elevated Stages,
500 Men and Women employed. 300
Horses and Ponies.

Every morning at 10 o'clock a Grand Colossal

FREE STREET PARADE

a Mammoth Free Street Show.

7-OPEN-DENS-OF-WILD-BEASTS-7

Ponderous marching elephants. An amazing wonderland. 10 dif-
ferent kinds of music. A big double procession of shining armor,
glittering dens, cages band chariots, rich and rare costumes of silks
and satins, tableaux, floats, comedy provokers, a perfect blaze of
splendor majestically moving upon the public highway at 10 o'clock.

Two performances Daily, Afternoon and Evening.

Doors Open at 1 and 7 O'clock.

Will exhibit
at Brainerd, Friday, July 10

Trading in Sugar Futures.

New Orleans, July 2.—After opposi-
tion extending over a year's time,
trading in contracts for the future de-
livery of sugar was at last established
at the Sugar Exchange here Wednes-
day. Formerly American speculators
who decided to trade in sugar were
obliged to cable to London, Paris or
Hamburg.

Snow Falls at Butte.

Butte, Mont., July 2.—Snow began to
fall here at 4 o'clock in the afternoon
and the indications are that the fall
will be heavy. Butte has had snow on
almost every Fourth of July.

FOUR DEATHS FROM HEAT.

Over a Score of Others Prostrated at
Chicago.

Chicago, July 2.—Four deaths and
over a score of prostrations marked the
second day of the heated term in Chi-
cago. The mercury in the weather
bureau registered ninety degrees at
5 o'clock in the afternoon, but on the
street level there were thermometers
that showed anywhere from 93 to 96.

Thirteen Brigands Killed.

Salonica, July 2.—A band of thirty
brigands has been defeated by Turkish
troops near Perlep and thirteen of
them killed.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

New Regulations Will Provide That
They Be Made by States.

Washington, July 2.—As a result of
the investigation of the postal service
a change for regulation of routes for
periodical free delivery rural service
has gone into practice by order of
Postmaster General Payne. Under the
new regulation the routes will be made
by states irrespective of district con-
gressional lines as heretofore. This
is in line with recommendation of
Fourth Assistant Postmaster General
Bristow. Applications for routes will
be investigated in order of their filing,
the first petition receiving first atten-
tion in every state. There are now
15,000 petitions for routes now pending
in the postoffice department and every
congressman is being pressed by his
constituents to secure expedition in
their investigation and action. The
matter of taking up applications by
states instead of the narrower policy
lines of districts within a state has
been discussed between postal offi-
cials and a score or more representa-
tives in congress and many of the lat-
ter have agreed that it is an equitable
way of handling the business and it
will relieve both them and the post-
office department of considerable em-
barrassment.

AGREE ON A PLATFORM.

Committees Arrange for the Union of
Three Church Denominations.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 2.—The joint
committee representing the Congrega-
tional, the Methodist Protestant and
the United Brethren churches, after
an all day session, came to an agree-
ment on a platform for the union of
the three denominations. The greater
part of the day was taken up in con-
sidering the report of the subcommit-
tee of five members of each denomina-
tion, which met in Washington a few
weeks ago to form a basis of union.
This report embraced a number of
recommendations and a letter to the
churches. It was amended to some
extent and finally adopted. An ad-
dress to the governing bodies of the
three churches was also adopted and
both will be sent out for considera-
tion.

Village Nearly Destroyed.

Toledo, O., July 2.—The village of
Whitehouse was nearly wiped out of
existence by fire. A total of fifteen
dwellings and stores were burned, in-
volving a loss of \$32,000, with about
\$15,000 insurance.

A GUARANTEED CURE
For all Poisons of the
BLOOD Or the treatment
costs nothing.

Contagious blood poison is a cruel and imperious master; it heeds not the cry for mercy
or the voice of prayer. You may have just recently contracted Blood Poison, or its lingering
taint you may have had for years. It is safe to say that you are not cured. The old
symptoms and troubles return every now and then. There is only one cure in the world
today for Blood Poison in any stage, and that is MEDERINE. It searches out the im-
purities, cleanses and purifies the system, strengthens and invigorates the whole con-
stitution, clears and beautifies the complexion, and renders the skin soft and velvety.

One of Many Letters.

Geo. W. Wason, Oswego, N. Y., says: It is now three
years since I took your MEDERINE course of treat-
ment for Blood Poisoning, but I want to inform you of
my gratitude for what it did for me. It saved me from
worse than a living death. Only for your treatment I
should have been on the other side of the river or in
the Madhouse. I would to God that I had the power to
spread to the entire world the curative powers of your
Greatest of all Blood Cures.

An Ulcer Cured.

H. Braun, Fargo, N. D., writes: I had an ulcer on my
left leg and learning of the remarkable cures MED-
ERINE was making, I used in all two courses of your
treatment, and to my surprise the ulcer was healed. The
doctors told me there was no help for me. You can im-
agine my great joy over being cured, after years of
suffering and waste of money. Use this as well as
serve the public.

Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All
letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing testimonials of cures mailed free.

PRICE, \$1 PER BOTTLE. Sent express prepaid if your druggist
does not carry MEDERINE in stock. 6 BOTTLES FOR \$5

MEDERINE OINTMENT The new treatment for
Eczema, Salt Rheum,
Old and Running Sores, Boils and Ulcers. 50c per box.

MEDERINE SOAP For toilet, bath and nursery, vi-
talizes the skin; a complexion
cleanser, a perfect cure for Itch and all scalp and skin
diseases. Price 50c.

Mederine Remedies are Sold and Guaranteed by
OLAF SKAUGE

Jim Dumps on Independence Day
Said: "Force freed us from England's sway.
Now independence let's declare
From indigestion's tyrant snare.
Good friends, shake off this despot grim,
'Twas 'Force' that freed your 'Sunny Jim.'"

Force
The Ready-to-Serve Cereal

always on duty.

A Food for Fighters.

"It may interest you to learn that 'Force' is
being served at breakfast several times each
week to the members of the Second Regiment,
N. G. P., now on duty at this place."
HARRY W. BROWN

BY INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

E. C. GRIFFITH, City Editor.

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

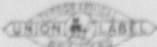
SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Week.....Ten Cents
One Month.....Forty Cents
One Year.....Four Dollars

THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1903.

Weather

Cloudy with thunder showers.



CHARLEY TORNE has been divorced by Wm. Bryan and annexed by Tammany.

A MILLION dollar rain has just been donated to the northwest, northern Minnesota being a beneficiary.

Two circuses and the Fourth of July all in one month ought to make the hearts of the youngsters glad, to say nothing of the week's carnival.

CARRIE NATION was refused the freedom of the churches in Minneapolis in which to rant and she now insists that the churches are mixed up in politics.

FARGO has solved the tramp question by putting them to work on the streets. That Dakota city is the Mecca for the genus hobo and if the good work is kept up Fargo should have some very nice boulevards in a short time.

GASOLINE will only be sold in red cans hereafter—unless a law of the last legislature is violated. You can have your old car painted a crimson color and then you won't make a mistake in the fluid you put in the lamp or light the fire with.

THE mayor of Minneapolis has issued a decree prohibiting the exploding of dynamite and cannon crackers within the city limits. He is in dispute with the youngsters but the adult portion of his constituency are thinking of erecting a monument to his memory.

IN Ramsey county the sheriff is collecting personal property taxes with the assistance of a furniture van. In the absence of cash a few chairs, bedroom suite or dinner set is loaded into the vehicle. It's either pay or close up business in the down river county and the strenuous measure adopted does the business.

IT is said that drunkenness in Norway is punished by imprisonment. As soon as a man is incarcerated the delinquent has a loaf and wine morning and evening. The bread is served in a wooden bowl full of wine, in which it has been soaking for an hour. This is all right for a day or two but at the end of a ten day sentence it is claimed that many prisoners abstain altogether from the food thus presented and in a majority of cases the drunkard is discharged radically cured.

List your farm lands for sale with E. E. Bernard, agent Park Region Land company. 26tf

Largest line of trunks in the city at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

Don't Forget

that it will be cheaper to travel than to remain at home on and after July 1st when the Minnesota & International Railway Co. reduces its passenger rates to the basis of three cents per mile. Good fishing and healthful outing to be had at various points along that line. 18w3

Do you want a baby carriage, go cart, refrigerator or ice cream freezer on easy terms. See D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

For cheap farm lands see E. E. Bernard, Hayes building, corner 6th and Laurel streets. 26tf

LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

J. H. Koop returned to Backus this afternoon.

W. E. Seelye left for St. Paul today on business.

Miss Vivian Jordan left for Deerwood this afternoon.

McCarthy & Donahue opened up for business yesterday.

G. H. Stewart left this afternoon for Duluth on business.

Wallace Barker returned from the Twin cities this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Mudge and children left this afternoon for a visit.

Ed Miller will leave tonight for Minneapolis and St. Paul to spend the Fourth.

Miss Grace Polk left this afternoon for Minneapolis for a short visit with friends.

Mrs. J. W. Scougle and daughter left this afternoon for Staples where they will visit for a short time.

Mrs. J. S. Drysdale and daughter left this afternoon for St. Cloud for a visit with friends and relatives.

Miss Emma Wetterberg returned to her home in St. Paul this afternoon after a pleasant visit in the city.

Pres. Ambrose Tighe and Attorney Pharnam went out to the lakes this afternoon for a few days outing.

Miss Alice Cox arrived in the city this afternoon from St. Paul for a visit with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Welliver.

A party of young people go out to White Sand lake tomorrow for an outing. They will be chaperoned by W. S. Jordan.

Mrs. John Fraser has gone to Minneapolis being called on account of the illness of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. J. A. Fraser.

Miss Jessie Whitten, who came down for treatment at St. Joseph's hospital, returned to her home in Deerwood this afternoon.

Mrs. A. L. Hoffman and daughter, Miss Lillian, left this noon for Brockton, Mass., where they will spend the summer with relatives.

Miss Jennie Lewis, of Staples, and Miss Anna Hertel, of Minneapolis, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Koop, left for Staples this afternoon.

Mrs. Elkington, of Grand Forks, who has been visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hessel, left this afternoon for Sylvan for a brief visit.

A party will be given tonight in Walker hall by a number of young people of the city in honor of Ray Bean, who will leave soon for New Mexico with his mother.

Assistant Postmaster Grewcox left this afternoon for Valley City, N. D., where he will spend the Fourth and visit with friends and relatives for a week or ten days.

There will be an important meeting of the Brainerd Aerie, order of Eagles tomorrow night in their hall. Business of importance is to be transacted and a full attendance is desired.

William Rogers of the DISPATCH, is confined to his home with a sore leg. While working around the barn he slipped and fell against the manger and injured his leg quite badly, and he will be laid up for some time.

A. G. Lagerquist, who recently sold his clothing business on Sixth street to McCarthy & Donahue, has rented the vacant rooms beneath H. P. Dunn & Co.'s drug store and will re-engage in the tailoring business.

Street Commissioner Weitzel has almost completed the work of macadamizing for this summer. The last layer is being put on Front street and after this there will be nothing left undone except the cross streets and the small space between Front and the tracks on Sixth street.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Ferris left this afternoon for St. Paul for a few days visit.

Miss Feltus returned from the east this afternoon and left on the M. & L. for Walker.

Miss Irene Anderson and Miss Madeline Kjelquist left this afternoon for Duluth for a visit.

Benj. Henry has resigned his position in the office of the division storekeeper and left this afternoon for St. Paul.

Graham's orchestra and the Brainerd City band will go to Staples Saturday to play, the band during the celebration in the day time and the orchestra for the dance at night.

Theo. Lukens, of Verndale, who has been visiting in the city with his son, A. K. Lukens, returned home this afternoon. He was accompanied by little Miss Ethel Angel, who will visit at Verndale for a time.

On Saturday, Fourth of July, the Sunday school members of the Swedish Lutheran church will hold their annual picnic at White Sand lake. The busses will leave the church building at 8 o'clock in the morning.

C. B. Morrén came down from Aitkin this afternoon. There will be a number of Aitkinites down tonight to take in the initiatory work in the Elks lodge. There will be "something doing" and all members are requested to be present. This will be one of the best classes in some time.

POSTOFFICE HOURS FOR FOURTH

The Forenoon Delivery will be Made—
Office Open After Noon
Mail.

On Saturday, July 4, there will be but one delivery by carrier and that in the forenoon. The general delivery window will be open from 9 until 10 a. m., and in the afternoon the carriers' window and general delivery window will be open immediately following the arrival and distribution of the noonday mails.

No registry or money order business will be transacted.

N. H. INGERSOLL, P. M.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Apelegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and I could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines had failed, three \$1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure coughs, colds, la grippe, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at H. P. Dunn & Co.'s drug store.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and the kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

14 Good Homes For Sale.

Five new. Low prices. Lots cheap. Cash or easy terms. Farm loans. Nettleton, Columbian Block. 24eodtf

No Pity Shown.

"For years fate was after me continuously" writes F. A. Gullledge, Verbena, Ala. "I had a terrible case of piles causing 24 tumors. When all failed Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. Equally good for burns and all aches and pains. Only 25c at H. P. Dunn & Co.'s drug store.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

Dr. Reid's tel. Nos. 245 & 81-6 311 ml
25 misfit carpets for sale at D. M. Clark & Co. 262-tf

Brutally Tortured.

A case came to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equalled. Joe Golobick, of Colusa, Calif., writes. "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from Rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me." Just as good for liver and kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by H. P. Dunn & Co.

Lost—Locket and chain. Word "Marjorie" on locket. Leave at C. L. Burnett's. 25c3

Invest in Canada Lands.

Will start from Brainerd July 21st with a party of land buyers. Anybody interested in good farming land will do well to join this party. Buy soon; sure investment. For information call on Farmer's Canada Land Company, 218 Columbian block, Brainerd Minn. 22tf

Awnings! Awnings!! At D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by H. P. Dunn & Co.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

"MONTE CRISTO."

The attraction at the Brainerd opera house next Tuesday, July 7th, will be Dumas' never equalled romance "Monte Cristo," presented by Ettinger & Taylor's talented dramatic company. Perhaps one secret of the perennial vogue of this drama is the very unusual amount of sympathy skillfully conjured for its leading personage by that past master of emotion exciting, Alexandre Dumas, Sr., who has excelled all other playwrights in his power to produce broad effects and to appeal to all classes. An ultra modern audience can follow Dantes from his sailor days through his hours of incarceration to the final triumphs of his enemies with a fervor showing that time has not dimmed the thrilling qualities of this remarkable story. The imaginative faculty and feeling in the tableaux of the prison, the storm, the Abbe's death and that terrible midnight burial which is the expiation of Edmond's escape from the Chateau d' If and from the doom of life long misery, have never been equalled in other dramas, maybe never will. Mr. Ettinger and his associate players are highly commended and the performance should call forth a large attendance.

Rubber tires will be put on baby buggies by F. H. Gruenhagen. 78-tf

D. M. Clark & Co., oldest and largest installment house in the city. Goods sold on easy terms.

A little life may be sacrificed to an hour's delay. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea come suddenly. Only safe plan is to have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry always on hand.

MRS. C. A. LAGERQUIST DEAD.

She Succumbed This Morning at 9:15 at Superior After Illness of Week With Scarlet Fever.

Mrs. C. A. Lagerquist, a former well-known resident of this city, died this morning at 9:15 o'clock at Superior after a sickness of about a week with scarlet fever. The case is an extremely sad one and Mr. Lagerquist will have the sympathy of a large number of friends in this city.

About a week ago while visiting in this city Mr. Lagerquist was summoned home on account of the sickness of his little four-year old daughter, who had contracted scarlet fever. The little one died last Saturday, and about a day before her death, the mother was taken down with the same contagion. She sank rapidly and expired this morning. Now the little baby about two years old has been taken down and it is not expected to live.

The remains of Mrs. Lagerquist will be brought to this city tomorrow afternoon and interment will be made at Evergreen cemetery.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Garden seeds and lawn grass at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

Will Be Open Evening Before.

The barbers of the city have decided to keep their shops open on the evening of July 3 until 11 o'clock at night. This is done on account of the day following being a legal holiday, Fourth of July. 21-tf

Store your stoves and household goods with D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

A Genuine Bargain.

A new 10 room dwelling on south side for sale at a little more than half cost. Owner leaving the city. Investigate. J. R. SMITH, Room 2 Sleeper Block.

New line lace curtains and draperies at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

ENTERPRISING BOY THIS

Young Chas Rice Gets First Prize for Guessing a Puzzle in an Eastern Paper Lately.

Chas. Rice, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Rice, of this city, has received a deed for a valuable lot in the city of Ludington, Mich., this being the first prize for guessing a puzzle published in an eastern publication advertising some medicine. The lot is a valuable one and the young man is highly elated.

F. H. Gruenhagen puts rubber tires on baby buggies. 278-tf

What Cold Weather did.

All summer suits, straw hats, light underwear, and tan shoes at Kenyons (formerly Westfalls) for ½ and ½ off the lowest price. Now is the time to buy.

Just received a carload of fence wire at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

City Engineer. Deputy Co. Surveyor.

H. M. WOOLMAN,
CIVIL ENGINEER

All classes of engineering work attended to. Office Corner of Fifth and Maple, (With C. B. Rowley.)

THE CASH DEPARTMENT STORE ALWAYS LEADS.

ANOTHER BIG SALE

25 Per Cent Discount on all our DRY GOODS, MEN'S and BOY'S CLOTHING, BOOTS and SHOES.

We Have Enlarged our store so we occupy 7,158 square feet of floor space, with three fronts, one on Front street and two on Seventh street. We want you to test the truthfulness of our advertisements, not only today or tomorrow, but any time. It's an every day occurrence for people to cut our "ads" out of the papers, mark the items wanted and send for them, through their children or neighbors—no one has ever been disappointed. "Why?" Simply because we represent everything in its true light. Should an error occur, remember we are as anxious to have it corrected as you are. We advertise facts, facts, nothing but facts. We never advertise something we haven't got. If we advertise 10 cent goods for 5 cents you may rest assured that the statement will be verified at our counter.

This 25 Per Cent Discount Sale Started

Thursday, June 25, 1903

AND WILL LAST FOR 30 DAYS.

6 cent Calicoes, 25 per cent discount.....	4 1/2c	\$2.00 Shoes and Slippers, 25 per cent discount.....	\$1.50
7 cent Gingham, 25 per cent discount.....	5 1/4c	50 cent Men's and Boy's Overalls, 25 per cent discount.....	38c
5 cent L. L. Muslin, 25 per cent discount.....	3 3/4c	75 cent Men's and Boy's Overalls, 25 per cent discount.....	57c
10 cent Ladies' Hose, 25 per cent discount.....	7 1/2c	50 cent Men's Working Shirts, 25 per cent discount.....	38c
15 cent Ladies' Hose, 25 per cent discount.....	11c	\$1.00 Men's Fine Shirts, 25 per cent discount.....	75c
25 cent Ladies' Hose, 25 per cent discount.....	19c	50 cent Men's and Boy's Sweaters, 25 per cent discount.....	38c
\$1.00 Shoes and Slippers, 25 per cent discount.....	75c	\$1.00 Men's and Boy's Sweaters, 25 per cent discount.....	75c
\$1.25 Shoes and Slippers, 25 per cent discount.....	94c	25 cent Neckties, 25 per cent discount.....	19c
1.50 Shoes and Slippers, 25 per cent discount.....	\$1.12	50 cent Neckties, 25 per cent discount.....	38c

EVERYTHING GOES.

Dress Goods, Laces, Embroidery, Lawns, Dimities, Ribbons, Corsets, Underwear, Shirt Waists, Skirts, Ladies' Street Hats, Ladies' Trimmings, Men's and Boy's Suits, Hats Caps and Furnishings. We are giving this sale to get the people of Brainerd and vicinity better acquainted with our stock. We have the goods and you have the money. Can you have faith in any one that has deceived you? Of course not. Could we afford to promise you one thing and do another? Why, no. So attend this sale and see the large store with its good goods, and the 25 per cent discount on all the goods in the Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, and Clothing Department.

Telephone Call, 75.

L. J. CALE,

Cale Block, Front and Seventh streets.

Brainerd Lumber Company

BRAINERD, MINN.

Mills and Yards at Rice Lake, East Brainerd.

We have constantly on hand a complete stock of Lumber, Lath Shingles and Building Material. Short Lumber of all grades, and Low Grade of Dimension and boards at very low prices for Cash.

C. B. WHITE.

HARDWARE,

Contractor and Builder.

We carry some lines hard to beat.

Acorn Stoves and Ranges
Berry Bros. Hard Oil and Floor Finish
Simpson Seyths and Axes
Rochester Nickel Plated Ware
Bissells Carpet Sweepers

Bloods Northwestern Paints
Red Seal Lead
Pure Linseed Oil
Ulster & Jackson Pocket Cutlery
Horton Rotary Washers

Have just unloaded a car of genuine Gliddon fencewire, we also have a large stock of Sash and Doors, Nails and Paper, Tools and Tinware, Fishing Tackle and Sporting goods.

I. U. WHITE, Manager.

Hermann J. Linnemann.

Alphonse D. Linnemann.

LINNEMANN BROS

Successors to L. M. Koop

Clothing, Gents Furnishings,

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Etc.

614 Front Street,

Brainerd, Minn.

HELLO CENTRAL

Give Me 149 Please

Is This Hoffman's

Corner 6th and Laurel?

Well, come up and get my bicycle, I want it fixed up before your rush commences. You said if I would telephone to your store you would call for my bike, clean it up and return it for \$1.00. Please send up for it today.

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Week.....Ten Cents
One Month.....Forty Cents
One Year.....Four Dollars

THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1903.

Weather

Cloudy with thunder showers.



CHARLEY TOWNE has been divorced by Wm. Bryan and annexed by Tammany.

A MILLION dollar rain has just been donated to the northwest, northern Minnesota being a beneficiary.

Two circuses and the Fourth of July all in one month ought to make the hearts of the youngsters glad, to say nothing of the week's carnival.

CARRIE NATION was refused the freedom of the churches in Minneapolis in which to rant and she now insists that the churches are mixed up in politics.

FARGO has solved the tramp question by putting them to work on the streets. That Dakota city is the Mecca for the genus hobo and if the good work is kept up Fargo should have some very nice boulevards in a short time.

GASOLINE will only be sold in red cans hereafter—unless a law of the last legislature is violated. You can have your old can painted a crimson color and then you won't make a mistake in the fluid you put in the lamp or light the fire with.

The mayor of Minneapolis has issued a decree prohibiting the exploding of dynamite and cannon crackers within the city limits. He is in disrepute with the youngsters but the adult portion of his constituency are thinking of erecting a monument to his memory.

IN Ramsey county the sheriff is collecting personal property taxes with the assistance of a furniture van. In the absence of cash a few chairs, bedroom suite or dinner set is loaded into the vehicle. It's either pay or close up business in the down river county and the strenuous measure adopted does the business.

IT is said that drunkenness in Norway is punished by imprisonment. As soon as a man is incarcerated the delinquent has a loaf and wine morning and evening. The bread is served in a wooden bowl full of wine, in which it has been soaking for an hour. This is all right for a day or two but at the end of a ten day sentence it is claimed that many prisoners abstain altogether from the food thus presented and in a majority of cases the drunkard is discharged radically cured.

List your farm lands for sale with E. E. Bernard, agent Park Region Land company. 26tf

Largest line of trunks in the city at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

Don't Forget

that it will be cheaper to travel than to remain at home on and after July 1st when the Minnesota & International Railway Co. reduces its passenger rates to the basis of three cents per mile. Good fishing and healthful outing to be had at various points along that line. 18w3

Do you want a baby carriage, go cart, refrigerator or ice cream freezer on easy terms. See D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

For cheap farm lands see E. E. Bernard, Hayes building, corner 6th and Laurel streets. 26tf

LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

J. H. Koop returned to Backus this afternoon.

W. E. Seelye left for St. Paul today on business.

Miss Vivian Jordan left for Deerwood this afternoon.

McCarthy & Donahue opened up for business yesterday.

G. H. Stewart left this afternoon for Duluth on business.

Wallace Barker returned from the Twin cities this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Mudge and children left this afternoon for a visit.

Ed Miller will leave tonight for Minneapolis and St. Paul to spend the Fourth.

Miss Grace Polk left this afternoon for Minneapolis for a short visit with friends.

Mrs. J. W. Scougie and daughter left this afternoon for Staples where they will visit for a short time.

Mrs. J. S. Drysdale and daughter left this afternoon for St. Cloud for a visit with friends and relatives.

Miss Emma Wetterberg returned to her home in St. Paul this afternoon after a pleasant visit in the city.

Pres. Ambrose Tighe and Attorney Pharnam went out to the lakes this afternoon for a few days outing.

Miss Alice Cox arrived in the city this afternoon from St. Paul for a visit with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Welliver.

A party of young people go out to White Sand lake tomorrow for an outing. They will be chaperoned by W. S. Jordan.

Mrs. John Fraser has gone to Minneapolis being called on account of the illness of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. J. A. Fraser.

Miss Jessie Whitten, who came down for treatment at St. Joseph's hospital, returned to her home in Deerwood this afternoon.

Mrs. A. L. Hoffman and daughter, Miss Lillian, left this noon for Brockton, Mass., where they will spend the summer with relatives.

Miss Jennie Lewis, of Staples, and Miss Anna Hertel, of Minneapolis, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Koop, left for Staples this afternoon.

Mrs. Elkington, of Grand Forks, who has been visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hessel, left this afternoon for Sylvan for a brief visit.

A party will be given tonight in Walker hall by a number of young people of the city in honor of Ray Bean, who will leave soon for New Mexico with his mother.

Assistant Postmaster Grewcock left this afternoon for Valley City, N. D., where he will spend the Fourth and visit with friends and relatives for a week or ten days.

There will be an important meeting of the Brainerd Aerie, order of Eagles tomorrow night in their hall. Business of importance is to be transacted and a full attendance is desired.

William Rogers of the DISPATCH, is confined to his home with a sore leg. While working around the barn he slipped and fell against the manger and injured his leg quite badly, and he will be laid up for some time.

A. G. Lagerquist, who recently sold his clothing business on Sixth street to McCarthy & Donahue, has rented the vacant rooms beneath H. P. Dunn & Co.'s drug store and will re-engage in the tailoring business.

Street Commissioner Weitzel has about completed the work of macadamizing for this summer. The last layer is being put on Front street and after this there will be nothing left undone except the cross streets and the small space between Front and the tracks on Sixth street.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Ferris left this afternoon for St. Paul for a few days visit.

Miss Feltus returned from the east this afternoon and left on the M. & I. for Walker.

Miss Irene Anderson and Miss Madeline Kjellquist left this afternoon for Duluth for a visit.

Benj. Henry has resigned his position in the office of the division storekeeper and left this afternoon for St. Paul.

Graham's orchestra and the Brainerd City band will go to Staples Saturday night, the band during the celebration in the day time and the orchestra for the dance at night.

Theo. Lukens, of Verndale, who has been visiting in the city with his son, A. K. Lukens, returned home this afternoon. He was accompanied by little Miss Ethel Angel, who will visit at Verndale for a time.

On Saturday, Fourth of July, the Sunday school members of the Swedish Lutheran church will hold their annual picnic at White Sand lake. The buses will leave the church building at 8 o'clock in the morning.

C. B. Morrn came down from Aitkin this afternoon. There will be a number of Aitkinites down tonight to take in the initiatory work in the Elks lodge. There will be "something doing" and all members are requested to be present. This will be one of the best classes in some time.

POSTOFFICE HOURS FOR FOURTH

The Forenoon Delivery will be Made.

Office Open After Noon

Mail.

On Saturday, July 4, there will be but one delivery by carrier and that in the forenoon. The general delivery window will be open from 9 until 10 a. m., and in the afternoon the carriers' window and general delivery window will be open immediately following the arrival and distribution of the noonday mails.

No registry or money order business will be transacted.

N. H. INGERSOLL, P. M.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Apelegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and I could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines had failed, three \$1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure coughs, colds, la grippe, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at H. P. Dunn & Co.'s drug store.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and the kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

14 Good Homes For Sale.

Five new. Low prices. Lots cheap. Cash or easy terms. Farm loans. Nettleton, Columbian Block. 24edtf

No Pity Shown.

"For years fate was after me continuously" writes F. A. Guldge, Verben, Ala. "I had a terrible case of piles causing 24 tumors. When all failed Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. Equally good for burns and all aches and pains. Only 35c at H. P. Dunn & Co.'s drug store.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

Dr. Reid's tel. Nos. 245 & 81-6 311 ml
25 misfit carpets for sale at D. M. Clark & Co. 262-tf

Brutally Tortured.

A case came to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equaled. Joe Golobick, of Colusa, Calif., writes: "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from Rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me." Just as good for liver and kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by H. P. Dunn & Co.

Lost—Locket and chain. Word "Marjorie" on locket. Leave at C. L. Burnett's. 2513

Invest in Canada Lands.

Will start from Brainerd July 21st with a party of land buyers. Anybody interested in good farming land will do well to join this party. Buy soon; sure investment. For information call on Farmer's Canada Land Company, 218 Columbian block, Brainerd Minn. 22tf

Awnings! Awnings!! At D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by H. P. Dunn & Co.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

"MONTE CRISTO."

The attraction at the Brainerd opera house next Tuesday, July 7th, will be Dumas' never equalled romance "Monte Cristo," presented by Ettinger & Taylor's talented dramatic company. Perhaps one secret of the perennial vogue of this drama is the very unusual amount of sympathy skillfully conjured for its leading personage by that past master of emotion exciting, Alexandre Dumas, Sr., who has excelled all other playwrights in his power to produce broad effects and to appeal to all classes. An ultra modern audience can follow Dantes from his sailor days through his hours of incarceration to the final triumphs of his enemies with a fervor showing that time has not dimmed the thrilling qualities of this remarkable story. The imaginative faculty and feeling in the tableaux of the prison, the storm, the Abbe's death and that terrible midnight burial which is the expiation of Edmond's escape from the Chateau d'If and from the doom of life long misery, have never been equalled in other dramas, maybe never will. Mr. Ettinger and his associate players are highly commended and the performance should call forth a large attendance.

Rubber tires will be put on baby buggies by F. H. Gruenhagen. 78-tf

D. M. Clark & Co., oldest and largest installment house in the city. Goods sold on easy terms.

A little life may be sacrificed to an hour's delay. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhea come suddenly. Only safe plan is to have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry always on hand.

MRS. C. A. LAGERQUIST DEAD.

She Succumbed This Morning at 9:15 at Superior After Illness of Week With Scarlet Fever.

Mrs. C. A. Lagerquist, a former well-known resident of this city, died this morning at 9:15 o'clock at Superior after a sickness of about a week with scarlet fever. The case is an extremely sad one and Mr. Lagerquist will have the sympathy of a large number of friends in this city.

About a week ago while visiting in this city Mr. Lagerquist was summoned home on account of the sickness of his little four-year old daughter, who had contracted scarlet fever. The little one died last Saturday, and about a day before her death, the mother was taken down with the same contagion. She sank rapidly and expired this morning. Now the little baby about two years old has been taken down and it is not expected to live.

The remains of Mrs. Lagerquist will be brought to this city tomorrow afternoon and interment will be made at Evergreen cemetery.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Garden seeds and lawn grass at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

Will Be Open Evening Before.

The barbers of the city have decided to keep their shops open on the evening of July 3 until 11 o'clock at night. This is done on account of the day following being a legal holiday, Fourth of July. 21-tf

Store your stoves and household goods with D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

A Genuine Bargain.

A new 10 room dwelling on south side for sale at a little more than half cost. Owner leaving the city. Investigate. J. R. SMITH, Room 2 Sleeper Block.

New line lace curtains and draperies at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

ENTERPRISING BOY THIS

Young Chas Rice Gets First Prize for Guessing a Puzzle in an Eastern Paper Lately.

Chas. Rice, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Rice, of this city, has received a deed for a valuable lot in the city of Ludington, Mich., this being the first prize for guessing a puzzle published in an eastern publication advertising some medicine. The lot is a valuable one and the young man is highly elated.

F. H. Gruenhagen puts rubber tires on baby buggies. 278-tf

What Cold Weather did.

All summer suits, straw hats, light underwear, and tan shoes at Kenyons (formerly Westfalls) for 1/3 and 1/2 off the lowest price. Now is the time to buy.

Just received a carload of fence wire at D. M. Clark & Co. 30-tf

City Engineer.

Deputy Co. Surveyor.

H. M. WOOLMAN,

CIVIL ENGINEER

All classes of engineering work attended to. Office Corner of Fifth and Maple, (With C. B. Rowley.)

THE CASH DEPARTMENT STORE ALWAYS LEADS.

ANOTHER BIG SALE

25 Per Cent Discount on all our DRY GOODS, MEN'S and BOY'S CLOTHING, BOOTS and SHOES.

We Have Enlarged our store so we occupy 7,158 square feet of floor space, with three fronts, one on Front street and two on Seventh street. We want you to test the truthfulness of our advertisements, not only today or tomorrow, but any time. It's an every day occurrence for people to cut our "ads" out of the papers, mark the items wanted and send for them, through their children or neighbors—no one has ever been disappointed. "Why?" Simply because we represent everything in its true light. Should an error occur, remember we are as anxious to have it corrected as you are. We advertise facts, facts, nothing but facts. We never advertise something we haven't got. If we advertise 10 cent goods for 5 cents you may rest assured that the statement will be verified at our counter.

This 25 Per Cent Discount Sale Started

Thursday, June 25, 1903

AND WILL LAST FOR 30 DAYS.

5 cent Calicoes, 25 per cent discount.....	4 1/2c	\$2.00 Shoes and Slippers, 25 per cent discount.....	\$1.50
7 cent Gingham, 25 per cent discount.....	5 1/4c	50 cent Men's and Boy's Overall, 25 per cent discount.....	38c
5 cent L. L. Muslin, 25 per cent discount.....	3 3/4c	75 cent Men's and Boy's Overall, 25 per cent discount.....	57c
10 cent Ladies' Hose, 25 per cent discount.....	7 1/2c	50 cent Men's Working Shirts, 25 per cent discount.....	38c
15 cent Ladies' Hose, 25 per cent discount.....	11c	\$1.00 Men's Fine Shirts, 25 per cent discount.....	75c
25 cent Ladies' Hose, 25 per cent discount.....	19c	50 cent Men's and Boy's Sweaters, 25 per cent discount.....	38c
\$1.00 Shoes and Slippers, 25 per cent discount.....	75c	\$1.00 Men's and Boy's Sweaters, 25 per cent discount.....	75c
\$1.25 Shoes and Slippers, 25 per cent discount.....	94c	25 cent Neckties, 25 per cent discount.....	19c
1.50 Shoes and Slippers, 25 per cent discount.....	\$1.12	50 cent Neckties, 25 per cent discount.....	38c

EVERYTHING GOES.

Dress Goods, Laces, Embroidery, Lawns, Dimities, Ribbons, Corsets, Underwear, Shirt Waists, Skirts, Ladies' Street Hats, Ladies' Trimmed Hats, Men's and Boy's Suits, Hats Caps and Furnishings. We are giving this sale to get the people of Brainerd and vicinity better acquainted with our stock. We have the goods and you have the money. Can you have faith in any one that has deceived you? Of course not. Could we afford to promise you one thing and do another? Why, no. So attend this sale and see the large store with its good goods, and the 25 per cent discount on all the goods in the Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, and Clothing Department.

Telephone Call, 75.

L. J. CALE,

Cale Block, Front and Seventh streets.

Brainerd Lumber Company

BRAINERD, MINN.

Mills and Yards at Rice Lake, East Brainerd.

We have constantly on hand a complete stock of Lumber, Lath Shingles and Building Material. Short Lumber of all grades, and Low Grade of Dimension and boards at very low prices for Cash.

C. B. WHITE.

HARDWARE,

Contractor and Builder.

We carry some lines hard to beat:

Acorn Stoves and Ranges
Berry Bros. Hard Oil and Floor
Finish
Simpson Scythes and Axes
Rochester Nickle Plated Ware
Bissells Carpet Sweepers

Bloods Northwestern Paints
Red Seal Lead
Pure Linseed Oil
Ulster & Jackson Pocket Cutlery
Horton Rotary Washers

Have just unloaded a car of genuine Gliddon fencewire, we also have a large stock of Sash and Doors, Nails and Paper, Tools and Tinware, Fishing Tackle and Sporting goods.

I. U. WHITE, Manager.

Hermann J. Linnemann.

Alphonse D. Linnemann.

LINNEMANN BROS

Successors to L. M. Koop

Clothing, Gents Furnishings,

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Etc.

614 Front Street,

Brainerd, Minn.

HELLO CENTRAL

Give Me 149 Please

Is This Hoffman's

Corner 6th and Laurel?

Well, come up and get my bicycle, I want it fixed up before your rush commences. You said if I would telephone to your store you would call for my bike, clean it up and return it for \$1.00. Please send up for it today.

PROFOUND REPORT ON THE LEGAL PHASE

Of the Water Works Matter was
Read at the Citizen's Meet-
ing Last Night

THE EFFORTS TO GET TOGETHER

Prove Futile--City and President
Tighe Have a Lengthy Con-
flab on Question

There was a meeting last night of the citizen's committee appointed some time ago to take up the water works question, and it was important in view of the fact that it was the first time in years when a representative body of men from the city and President Ambrose Tighe, of the Minnesota water works company, have met to discuss the impending question of the future control and government of the plant in this city, but the ultimate result of the meeting proved of very little value in solving the problem which at present is occupying the attention of the entire city; in fact it was nothing more than a sort of an open arena where opinions were interchanged by those interested, the proceedings being somewhat fertilized by a rather profound report by the legal committee, of which Attorney A. D. Polk was chairman, and some very interesting data relative to the matter was brought out.

It seems that the two forces, the city on the one hand and the water works company on the other, were there sparring for an opening, so to speak, and from the sentiments expressed, the one expected the other to take the initiative.

The representatives of the city, realizing the very inadequate service in the past, and the wholly futile attempt to better it on the part of the company, seemed to move with slow and easy tread, and it was brought out that it did not make so much difference by what company, corporation or individual the water works plant in the city is controlled, but the city will demand a better service, and especially better fire protection at a reasonable rate. It developed that there is not a strong objection to the Minnesota Water Works company, if only it will, or can be made, to comply with the demands referred to.

On the other hand President Tighe was equally as careful not to say anything that will in the future bind his company to anything that will in any way increase the burden that it carries or that will lessen the income from the operation of the system in this city. He spoke to the gentlemen present in his usual candid manner. He virtually told the gentlemen that he was not in the water works business for his health, and if they thought so they had better rid themselves of the notion at once. He claimed, as he has always claimed, that the income from the plant for him, although he held quite an equity, has not exceeded the sum of \$60 monthly until the last year or two; that like all other cities the history of the plant in this city has been that of a struggling infant, crawling along through years of hardship and privation, and that just so soon as it begins to show signs of strength and has developed into something reasonably good, then there is the cry that a large income has been received from the earnings.

Contrary to what had been expected Mr. Tighe did not appear before the committee with any proposition of a gigantic proportion which might give something tangible to start from. He seemed to be on the defensive all the way through and the issue had to be forced by the city and not the water works company. He would not commit himself on any one proposition, but evaded the legal and technical points brought up and stated that he was simply here to find out the wishes of the city, and if possible arrive at some practical solution, the details to be worked out later. He laid considerable stress on working out the details later and would not commit himself on anything except that of a general proposition to extend his contract.

President Tighe was positive in his assertions and gave the gentlemen to understand that if they dealt with him that they would have to meet him half way, and it seemed as though he wanted the city to come that half distance first.

There was no report from the committee on municipal ownership and this phase of the question did not, therefore, receive consideration.

PRESIDENT TIGHE'S POSITION.

Chairman C. D. Johnson presided over the deliberations of the meeting and there were present thirteen out of the fourteen members of the committee besides several prominent business men of the city. President Tighe was called upon, he being the gentleman that the committee was desirous of hearing from. He stated that he had been three or four years trying to get an opportunity to meet just such a representative body of men. This spring again he brought up the matter of the future control of the water works system in this city under the impetus of the demand made on the

company by the Northern Pacific. He had a hearing from the council and this was before the disastrous fire, which he claimed changed the trend of thought almost entirely on the question. He said it was a most unfortunate affair but would not admit, even in the face of the fact that everyone in the city had a chance to see the very inadequate service on that Sunday, but that there was a respectable force; but blamed someone for not shutting off all the water in other parts of the city and concentrating the force at this one point.

He stated that he knew the plant was in bad way in many respects, but this was due largely to the growth of the city and its local industries. The city had outgrown the plant. He stated that he was interested in the great problem before them but not to the extent that the city is, or the people who have their money interested in the plant, the bondholders, and they certainly are entitled to some protection.

Mr. Tighe stated that there were three conceivable ways of meeting the problem under consideration. First he referred to the report of private individuals coming in and building a new plant, abandoning the present system. He said that this would be one of the impossibilities; that the days of investment in water plants in small cities are past, and even if any one would come in he declared that the company would not sit by and allow them to operate at a sacrifice of the present system. The second matter he stated was municipal ownership, and this he held would be the most feasible way. All cities should operate their own plants. They could borrow the money cheaper, there would be no taxes to pay and the rules governing the same would be enforced with more vigor than by an individual.

The third proposition had to do with the Minnesota water works company and its interest in the matter. Mr. Tighe stated that he was perfectly willing to have the city take over his equity with its incumbrances, but he did not think the city would want to bother with it. He then went on to state that he was anxious to improve the plant, but unless he had some assurance that he would be granted a longer contract after the present franchise runs out, he would not be able to do anything. He said that as soon as the city would show a disposition of extending the contract after 1907 that he could then go to the bondholders and on the strength of the proposition by the city, he thought he could borrow the money to make the improvements. He asked that some action be taken in this regard at this time in view of the fact that the demand had been made by the Northern Pacific for an independent main and a better service at the shops. They have intimated to him that they will put in a plant of their own unless something is done. This, Mr. Tighe claimed would greatly cripple the plant.

WANTED SOMETHING DEFINITE.

It seemed to members of the committee that although in a general way Mr. Tighe claimed that he would improve the plant, they wanted something more definite. Con O'Brien pinned the gentleman down to the question of what he would do in the way of improvements, and how much money would he spend. He stated that should the city grant the concession asked, that the company would spend at least \$50,000 in improvements, and would commence at once.

Asked by Attorney Polk if it would be possible for him to make a definite proposition placing a price on the plant for sale to the city, Mr. Tighe stated that he could not at present without consulting the bondholders.

Asked by Attorney Polk if he could make a definite price per hydrant and also for water rental to the consumer the same answer was given.

Asked by Con O'Brien if he was ready to make any kind of proposition Mr. Tighe stated that he was not.

MAKES FORMAL PROPOSITION.

Alderman C. B. Rowley did finally bring out of President Tighe a proposition. He stated that Mr. Tighe's representative told the council that if he, Mr. Tighe, could get a hearing with a representative body of men he would make a proposition. In view of this President Tighe stated that he would go on record as making the following proposition, and this ended the discussion. The meeting adjourned until two weeks, when a more concise proposition will be asked from the water works company: "That the city make a new contract with the Minnesota Water Works company from the time of the expiration of the present franchise in January 1907 for twenty years, with the privilege of the city purchasing the plant at intervals of five years, the price to be determined by arbitration, on condition that the water works company put the plant in shape to adequately meet the demands of the city."

THE LEGAL REPORT.

Attorney A. D. Polk then read the following very interesting report of the legal committee:

To the Citizens' Committee on water question:

Your sub-committee, appointed to investigate and report on legal questions beg leave to report:

Nothing in our appointment, or in the resolution on which our appointment is based, indicates what legal questions are submitted to us for our consideration. However the following questions have been raised and discussed by and

before your whole committee and we will assume that they are the questions on which you desire information.

FIRST.

In 1882 the city council passed an ordinance known as Ordinance No. 14, granting to the present water company a franchise. This ordinance, with its acceptance by the water company, constitute the franchise, embracing certain mutual obligations and rights as between the city and the water company.

Afterward the city passed its ordinance No. 27, published Oct. 25th, 1883, whereby it assumed to "guarantee the payment of all interest upon the sixty-first mortgage bonds of The Brainerd Water Company, said bonds being for \$1000 each, and bearing date the first day of July, 1883, and payable 25 years after the date thereof, and the interest payable thereon being at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the 1st days of January and July in each year from and after July 1st, 1883, and authorizing the mayor to endorse such guaranty on each of said bonds."

We are advised that such bonds were in fact issued by the water company, and were in fact indorsed by the mayor pursuant to the above ordinance, and that such bonds are yet outstanding.

In thus indorsing and guaranteeing the payment of the paper of the water company the city assumed to make itself liable as an accommodation guarantor or surety. A municipal corporation has no implied power to bind itself as surety for another, and we find no such extraordinary and unusual power vested in the city of Brainerd either by general or special law.

This guaranty, if valid, binds the city for the payment of the sum of \$105,000 payable in 25 equal annual installments of \$4200 each. It is absolute and not conditioned or dependent upon receiving any benefits for itself or its inhabitants from the water company.

The city does not issue the bonds nor guarantee the principal, but it absolutely agrees to pay more than half that will become due by the terms of the bonds. Indirectly the city assumes to bind itself by a bonded indebtedness to the extent of \$105,000.

A municipal corporation has no power to do indirectly what it cannot legally do directly, nor can it by resolution or ordinance give to itself any power it does not possess. At that time the city had no power to bind itself by this bonded indebtedness.

We report that the city of Brainerd is not liable by reason of the above named guaranty.

SECOND.

The Legislature of Minnesota, at a special session in 1881, enacted chapter 18, a special law incorporating the city of Brainerd with a charter, embraced in said act. Subdivision eleven of section two of chapter four of said charter gives to the city council power "to provide and conduct water into and through the streets, avenues, alleys and public grounds, and to provide for and control suitable water works for the supply of water to the city and its inhabitants."

By ordinance number 14 of the city council, published January 12th, 1882, the city granted unto the Brainerd Water and Power Co., "the exclusive privilege of laying water mains and pipes in the streets and alleys of said city of Brainerd for the term of twenty-five years from the passage of this ordinance, and an equal privilege with others thereafter, subject to the terms and conditions hereinafter contained."

By the acceptance of the terms of this ordinance by the Water and Power Co., it became the contract, in the nature of a franchise between the parties. The general rule of law is that the legislature, and it only, has power to grant an exclusive franchise; that this legislative power may be delegated to the legislature to a municipal corporation; but that the power so delegated will not be implied or inferred but must be expressed in clear and definite terms. We cannot find any act of the legislature vesting in the city of Brainerd any authority to grant an exclusive franchise, or in fact any authority whatever except what is contained in the section of the charter above named.

By Chap. 80, special laws of 1883, the legislature incorporated the village of Duluth in this state and granted to it a charter. By the terms of that charter the village is given practically the same power, but in broader terms, as are given to the city of Brainerd. Subsequently the village of Duluth passed an ordinance granting unto the Duluth Gas and Water Co., its successors etc., the franchise or privilege of constructing and operating water works within said village for the period of thirty years, and binding itself not to grant a like privilege to any other party within that time and binding itself not to operate water works in its own behalf. During the life of this franchise the city proposed to supply itself and its inhabitants with water, and an attempt was made to prevent this on the ground that the water company had an exclusive franchise. The case went to the supreme court and is reported in the forty-ninth Minnesota, P. 280. The court uses this language: "An examination of the authorities here cited, and of others of like import, readily leads to the conclusion that the charter powers of the village of Duluth were not such as to enable it to confer upon the water company the exclusive right to supply the municipality with water for the period of thirty (30) years. Such power was certainly not expressly conferred. Nor was it necessarily involved in the authority given to contract for a water supply, and to confer the right upon one or more private corporations to establish water works and a supply system. Such general language falls short of expressing an intention to confer the power to grant exclusive franchise which shall, in effect, bind and restrict, not only the village but the state, in exercise of its governmental functions, for thirty (30), sixty (60), or one hundred (100) years or forever."

In view of the likeness of the Duluth and Brainerd charters and the absence of other expressed powers, and in view of the fact that the law announced in the above decision is the established law of this state, we conclude that the city council of the city of Brainerd, at the time it passed the ordinance No. 14, had no power to grant the exclusive franchise.

It is probable that the water company afterward learned and recognized that its franchise was not exclusive for reasons above stated and applied to the legislature for a special act, in the nature of a curative act, legalizing ordinance No. 14. In 1885 the legislature by chapter 284, of special laws, attempted to legalize this franchise embraced in

ordinance 14. The act is broad enough to have that effect if the legislature had the power to enact it, and, if with such power, to give life and validity to an existing void contract. On the last proposition we deem it not necessary to advise you.

On November 8th, 1881, by popular vote, the constitution of this state defining the legislative power was amended. The amendment then became section 33 of Art. 4 of the constitution and reads as follows:

"The legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases * * * tenth: For granting to any individual, association or corporation, except municipal, any special or exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever."

While this so-called curative act does not attempt to directly grant to the water company the exclusive franchise, it is an attempt to grant it indirectly by the confirmation of a municipal grant which was wholly void; and it is a well established rule of law that a legislature cannot do indirectly that which it cannot do directly. It will be further observed that ordinance 14 was passed after the above constitutional amendment, so that both the municipal contract and the legislative act attempting to legalize it come under the ban of the constitution.

We therefore advise you that neither the Brainerd Water and Power company nor its successors hold any exclusive franchise in the city of Brainerd; that no existing franchise prevents the city from establishing, maintaining and operating water works in the city of Brainerd for the purpose of supplying itself and its inhabitants with water, or from granting such privilege to other parties than the present water company.

THIRD.

Sec. 93 of the charter of the city of Brainerd vests in the city council, control of all streets, alleys and public grounds. Nor does the council necessarily derive such power from the charter. It is vested in the city by law as a necessary incident to municipal government.

Any special grant or license by the city council to an individual to do any unusual act in the street such as are incident to laying and repairing water pipes, necessarily abridges the absolute control of the city during the existence of such rights. It is a well established rule of law that a city council may grant such special privileges when done for the public good and for purposes recognized to be to that end; but the privilege must not be any more extensive or any longer in duration than is reasonably necessary to accomplish the purpose sought.

Sec. 1 of ordinance No. 14 provides, "There is hereby granted to the Brainerd Water and Power Co. the exclusive privilege etc. for the term of twenty-five years from the passage of this ordinance, and an equal privilege with others thereafter."

The language which purports to grant this perpetual franchise is ambiguous. If it means that the water company shall have the same rights as every body else after the twenty-five years, then like every body else, it has no rights at all to lay pipes or otherwise disturb the streets, without permission of the city council. If such is its meaning, it practically means nothing.

If on the other hand, it means that this company shall have the same rights and privileges as may be granted to others by the city, then it means a perpetual franchise, though not exclusive after the twenty-five years. We are not fully advised as to what construction should be given to this clause of the franchise. There are two conflicting rules of construction. On the one hand, the law presumes that the parties to a contract meant something by every provision if reasonable within the language used, and that it will be given that construction which means something rather than that which means nothing. On the other hand, special privileges and franchises are strictly construed in favor of the public and nothing is granted except what is clearly granted.

It is our opinion, with no warranty attached, that this clause should receive the former construction, and that this water company acquired no rights whatever by reason of this particular clause.

If, however, this clause should be so construed as to evince an intended perpetual franchise, then it is our opinion that it is void. That it runs for an unreasonable length of time and that the city council exceeded its authority when it attempted to make such a contract.

We do not think it can be contended for a moment that the city council in 1882, in performance of its duty to supply the then city or its then inhabitants with water was required to, or had any need to particularly restrict and suspend the right which the city had to control its streets in the interests of the public. We have examined many authorities on this question and have not found any one that goes to the extent of holding such a contract reasonable and valid.

FOURTH.

Sec. 13 provides that, "A failure, refusal or neglect of said water power company to comply with the terms, conditions and requirements of this ordinance, or to keep the whole apparatus in good working order for an unnecessary length of time, shall cause a forfeiture of the privileges hereby granted." This clause is a valid part of the contract and gives the city power to declare a forfeiture of the franchise when the water company violates its contract within the terms of this forfeiture clause. It is not the duty of this sub-committee to ascertain or report if the water power company has violated its contract, or determine if there exists grounds for declaring a forfeiture. Nor have we advised ourselves as to the respective rights of the city and water company in case a forfeiture be declared or attempted.

FIFTH.

Chapter 28, Laws of 1903, provides a means whereby certain cities may adopt new charters. Brainerd comes within the class of cities contemplated by this law. By reason of the power vested in the city by this law, the judge of the district court may appoint a commission of 15 citizens whose duty it is, if they see fit, to formulate and propose a new charter for the city. When such charter is proposed it may be submitted to the voters of the city for adoption. It is within the power of this commission to propose a charter, and within the power of the city to adopt a charter em-

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as is now going on at

HENRY I. COHEN'S ESTABLISHMENT

Ask your neighbor about it. It is the talk of the town. Included in this sale is one of great importance, namely,

"Dress - Goods - Selling."

Ladies are flocking to our counters because these Bargains are Genuine.

DON'T forget the selling on Steel Rod Mercerized Silk 26 inch. Parasols, only 75 cents each. We added today another hummer in this line at..... **\$1.00**

A lot of Trimming Lace, at per yard..... **5c**

WE shall eclipse all our previous offerings on Embroideries by placing on sale elegant goods at 10 and 15 cents, which will be worth your time to investigate.

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powering the city to bind itself in the nature of a bonded indebtedness to the extent of ten per cent of the property valuation of the city to aid the city and its inhabitants in securing water benefits. Since this possible or prospective power of the city to bind itself by this bond issue is not a present existing power, but depends on so many conditions and contingencies which may never happen, we deem it a question too remote to demand our consideration; and we will simply report that the city does not, by reason of the act referred to, have any power at present, to bind itself by any bond issue.

SIXTH.

Chapter 284, Laws of 1903, is "An act to authorize and empower cities in the state of Minnesota, having a population of 10,000 inhabitants or less to acquire by condemnation proceedings water work plants and issue bonds in payment therefor."

This act is quite lengthy, and we think that is best for your information to submit the whole law with our report.

The act evidently intends to vest in the city power to acquire title to existing water works property and franchises by condemnation proceedings. It is probable that the city, exercising the power vested in it by this law, may by proceeding in court, acquire title to the property and franchise of the present water company, free and clear of all title rights, liens and claims of everybody. This is accomplished by action in court instituted by the city in which all parties interested are made parties defendant. The value of the property is determined by an impartial commission appointed by the court; whose report, when approved by the court, fixes the amount to be paid by the city.

The judgment of the court, in the same action, determines who shall receive this money so paid by the city, so that in the final judgment in the matter the title to all the property, franchise and everything vests in the city free and

clear of all claims and liens of everybody. The same act empowers the city, on certain conditions, to issue its bonds in payment for such water works.

It would not seem that this act is intended to give to the city power to construct water works and issue bonds for that purpose, but only to acquire title to existing waterworks. Of course the city would have power, by implication, to improve and extend its property after it had once acquired title.

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...NOW...

We are Prepared to Lay
CEMENT  **SIDEWALKS**
and this is a good time to engage the work done, for we expect to get very busy in a month or so.

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PROFOUND REPORT ON THE LEGAL PHASE

Of the Water Works Matter was
Read at the Citizen's Meet-
ing Last Night

THE EFFORTS TO GET TOGETHER

Prove Futile—City and President
Tighe Have a Lengthy Con-
flab on Question

There was a meeting last night of the citizen's committee appointed some time ago to take up the water works question, and it was important in view of the fact that it was the first time in years when a representative body of men from the city and President Ambrose Tighe, of the Minnesota water works company, have met to discuss the impending question of the future control and government of the plant in this city, but the ultimate result of the meeting proved of very little value in solving the problem which at present is occupying the attention of the entire city; in fact it was nothing more than a sort of an open arena where opinions were interchanged by those interested, the proceedings being somewhat fertilized by a rather profound report by the legal committee, of which Attorney A. D. Polk was chairman, and some very interesting data relative to the matter was brought out.

It seems that the two forces, the city on the one hand and the water works company on the other, were there sparring for an opening, so to speak, and from the sentiments expressed, the one expected the other to take the initiative.

The representatives of the city, realizing the very inadequate service in the past, and the wholly futile attempt to better it on the part of the company, seemed to move with slow and easy tread, and it was brought out that it did not make so much difference by what company, corporation or individual the water works plant in the city is controlled, but the city will demand a better service, and especially better fire protection at a reasonable rate. It developed that there is not a strong objection to the Minnesota Water Works company, if only it will, or can be made, to comply with the demands referred to.

On the other hand President Tighe was equally as careful not to say anything that will in the future bind his company to anything that will in any way increase the burden that it carries or that will lessen the income from the operation of the system in this city. He spoke to the gentlemen present in his usual candid manner. He virtually told the gentlemen that he was not in the water works business for his health, and if they thought so they had better rid themselves of the notion at once. He claimed, as he has always claimed, that the income from the plant for him, although he held quite an equity, has not exceeded the sum of \$80 monthly until the last year or two; that like all other cities the history of the plant in this city has been that of a struggling infant, crawling along through years of hardship and privation, and that just so soon as it begins to show signs of strength and has developed into something reasonably good, then there is the cry that a large income has been received from the earnings.

Contrary to what had been expected Mr. Tighe did not appear before the committee with any proposition of a gigantic proposition which might give something tangible to start from. He seemed to be on the defensive, all the way through and the issue had to be forced by the city and not the water works company. He would not commit himself on any one proposition, but evaded the legal and technical points brought up and stated that he was simply here to find out the wishes of the city, and if possible arrive at some practical solution, the details to be worked out later. He laid considerable stress on working out the details later and would not commit himself on anything except that of a general proposition to extend his contract.

President Tighe was positive in his assertions and gave the gentlemen to understand that if they dealt with him that they would have to meet him half way, and it seemed as though he wanted the city to come that half distance first.

There was no report from the committee on municipal ownership and this phase of the question did not, therefore, receive consideration.

PRESIDENT TIGHE'S POSITION.

Chairman C. D. Johnson presided over the deliberations of the meeting and there were present thirteen out of the fourteen members of the committee besides several prominent business men of the city. President Tighe was called upon, he being the gentleman that the committee was desirous of hearing from. He stated that he had been three or four years trying to get an opportunity to meet just such a representative body of men. This spring again he brought up the matter of the future control of the water works system in this city under the impetus of the demand made on the

company by the Northern Pacific. He had a hearing from the council and this was before the disastrous fire, which he claimed changed the trend of thought almost entirely on the question. He said it was a most unfortunate affair but would not admit, even in the face of the fact that everyone in the city had a chance to see the very inadequate service on that Sunday, but that there was a respectable force; but blamed someone for not shutting off all the water in other parts of the city and concentrating the force at this one point.

He stated that he knew the plant was in bad way in many respects, but this was due largely to the growth of the city and its local industries. The city had outgrown the plant. He stated that he was interested in the great problem before them but not to the extent that the city is, or the people who have their money interested in the plant, the bondholders, and they certainly are entitled to some protection.

Mr. Tighe stated that there were three conceivable ways of meeting the problem under consideration. First he referred to the report of private individuals coming in and building a new plant, abandoning the present system. He said that this would be one of the impossibilities; that the days of investment in water plants in small cities are past, and even if any one would come in he declared that the company would not sit by and allow them to operate at a sacrifice of the present system. The second matter he stated was municipal ownership, and this he held would be the most feasible way. All cities should operate their own plants. They could borrow the money cheaper, there would be no taxes to pay and the rules governing the same would be enforced with more vigor than by an individual.

The third proposition had to do with the Minnesota water works company and its interest in the matter. Mr. Tighe stated that he was perfectly willing to have the city take over his equity with its incumbrances, but he did not think the city would want to bother with it. He then went on to state that he was anxious to improve the plant, but unless he had some assurance that he would be granted a longer contract after the present franchise runs out, he would not be able to do anything. He said that as soon as the city would show a disposition of extending the contract after 1907 that he could then go to the bondholders and on the strength of the proposition by the city, he thought he could borrow the money to make the improvements. He asked that some action be taken in this regard at this time in view of the fact that the demand had been made by the Northern Pacific for an independent main and a better service at the shops. They have intimated to him that they will put in a plant of their own unless something is done. This, Mr. Tighe claimed would greatly cripple the plant.

WANTED SOMETHING DEFINITE.

It seemed to members of the committee that although in a general way Mr. Tighe claimed that he would improve the plant, they wanted something more definite. Con O'Brien pinned the gentleman down to the question of what he would do in the way of improvements, and how much money would he spend. He stated that should the city grant the concession asked, that the company would spend at least \$50,000 in improvements, and would commence at once.

Asked by Attorney Polk if it would be possible for him to make a definite proposition placing a price on the plant for sale to the city, Mr. Tighe stated that he could not at present without consulting the bondholders.

Asked by Attorney Polk if he could make a definite price per hydrant and also for water rental to the consumer the same answer was given.

Asked by Con O'Brien if he was ready to make any kind of proposition Mr. Tighe stated that he was not.

MAKES FORMAL PROPOSITION.

Alderman C. B. Rowley did finally bring out of President Tighe a proposition. He stated that Mr. Tighe's representative told the council that if he, Mr. Tighe, could get a hearing with a representative body of men he would make a proposition. In view of this President Tighe stated that he would go on record as making the following proposition, and this ended the discussion. The meeting adjourned until two weeks, when a more concise proposition will be asked from the water works company: "That the city make a new contract with the Minnesota Water Works company from the time of the expiration of the present franchise in January 1907 for twenty years, with the privilege of the city purchasing the plant at intervals of five years, the price to be determined by arbitration, on condition that the water works company put the plant in shape to adequately meet the demands of the city."

THE LEGAL REPORT.

Attorney A. D. Polk then read the following very interesting report of the legal committee:

To the Citizens' Committee on water question:

Your sub-committee, appointed to investigate and report on legal questions beg leave to report:

Nothing in our appointment, or in the resolution on which our appointment is based, indicates what legal questions are submitted to us for our consideration. However the following questions have been raised and discussed by and

before your whole committee and we will assume that they are the questions on which you desire information.

FIRST.

In 1882 the city council passed an ordinance known as Ordinance No. 14, granting to the present water company a franchise. This ordinance, with its acceptance by the water company, constitute the franchise, embracing certain mutual obligations and rights as, between the city and the water company.

Afterward the city passed its ordinance No. 27, published Oct. 25th, 1883, whereby it assumed to "guarantee the payment of all interest upon the sixty-first mortgage bonds of The Brainerd Water Company, said bonds being for \$1000 each, and bearing date the first day of July, 1883, and payable 25 years after the date thereof, and the interest payable thereon being at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the 1st days of January and July in each year from and after July 1st, 1883, and authorizing the mayor to endorse such guaranty on each of said bonds."

We are advised that such bonds were in fact issued by the water company, and were in fact indorsed by the mayor pursuant to the above ordinance, and that such bonds are yet outstanding.

In thus indorsing and guaranteeing the payment of the paper of the water company the city assumed to make itself liable as an accommodation guarantor or surety. A municipal corporation has no implied power to bind itself as surety for another, and we find no such extraordinary and unusual power vested in the city of Brainerd either by general or special law.

This guaranty, if valid, binds the city for the payment of the sum of \$105,000 payable in 25 equal annual installments of \$4200 each. It is absolute and not conditioned or dependent upon receiving any benefits for itself or its inhabitants from the water company.

The city does not issue the bonds nor guarantee the principal, but it absolutely agrees to pay more than half that will become due by the terms of the bonds. Indirectly the city assumes to bind itself by a bonded indebtedness to the extent of \$105,000.

A municipal corporation has no power to do indirectly what it cannot legally do directly, nor can it by resolution or ordinance give to itself any power it does not possess. At that time the city had no power to bind itself by this bonded indebtedness.

We report that the city of Brainerd is not liable by reason of the above named guaranty.

SECOND.

The Legislature of Minnesota, at a special session in 1881, enacted chapter 18, a special law incorporating the city of Brainerd with a charter, embraced in said act. Subdivision eleven of section two of chapter four of said charter gives to the city council power "to provide and conduct water into and through the streets, avenues, alleys and public grounds, and to provide for and control suitable water works for the supply of water to the city and its inhabitants."

By ordinance number 14 of the city council, published January 12th, 1882, the city granted unto the Brainerd Water and Power Co., "the exclusive privilege of laying water mains and pipes in the streets and alleys of said city of Brainerd for the term of twenty-five years from the passage of this ordinance, and an equal privilege with others thereafter, subject to the terms and conditions hereinafter contained."

By the acceptance of the terms of this ordinance by the Water and Power Co., it became the contract, in the nature of a franchise between the parties.

The general rule of law is that the legislature, and it only, has power to grant an exclusive franchise; that this legislative power may be delegated by the legislature to a municipal corporation; but that the power so delegated will not be implied or inferred but must be expressed in clear and definite terms. We cannot find any act of the legislature vesting in the city of Brainerd any authority to grant an exclusive franchise, or in fact any authority whatever except what is contained in the section of the charter above named.

By Chap. 80, special laws of 1883, the legislature incorporated the village of Duluth in this state and granted to it a charter. By the terms of that charter the village is given practically the same power, but in broader terms, as are given to the city of Brainerd. Subsequently the village of Duluth passed an ordinance granting unto the Duluth Gas and Water Co., its successors etc., the franchise or privilege of constructing and operating water works within said village for the period of thirty years, and binding itself not to grant a like privilege to any other party within that time and binding itself not to operate water works in its own behalf.

During the life of this franchise the city proposed to supply itself and its inhabitants with water, and an attempt was made to prevent this on the ground that the water company had an exclusive franchise. The case went to the supreme court and is reported in the forty-ninth Minnesota, P. 280. The court uses this language: "An examination of the authorities here cited, and of others of like import, readily leads to the conclusion that the charter powers of the village of Duluth were not such as to enable it to confer upon the water company the exclusive right to supply the municipality with water for the period of thirty (30) years. Such power was certainly not expressly conferred. Nor was it necessarily involved in the authority given to contract for a water supply, and to confer the right upon one or more private corporations to establish water works and a supply system. Such general language falls short of expressing an intention to confer the power to grant exclusive franchise which shall, in effect, bind and restrict, not only the village but the state, in exercise of its governmental functions, for thirty (30), sixty (60), or one hundred (100) years or forever."

In view of the likeness of the Duluth and Brainerd charters and the absence of other expressed powers, and in view of the fact that the law announced in the above decision is the established law of this state, we conclude that the city council of the city of Brainerd, at the time it passed the ordinance No. 14, had no power to grant the exclusive franchise.

It is probable that the water company afterward learned and recognized that its franchise was not exclusive for reasons above stated and applied to the legislature for a special act, in the nature of a curative act, legalizing ordinance No. 14. In 1885 the legislature by chapter 284, of special laws, attempted to legalize this franchise embraced in

ordinance 14. The act is broad enough to have that effect if the legislature had the power to enact it, and, if with such power, to give life and validity to an existing void contract. On the last proposition we deem it not necessary to advise you.

On November 8th, 1881, by popular vote, the constitution of this state defining the legislative power was amended. The amendment then became section 33 of Art. 4 of the constitution and reads as follows:

"The legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases * * * tenth: For granting to any individual, association or corporation, except municipal, any special or exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever."

While this so-called curative act does not attempt to directly grant to the water company the exclusive franchise, it is an attempt to grant it indirectly by the confirmation of a municipal grant which was wholly void; and it is a well established rule of law that a legislature cannot do indirectly that which it cannot do directly. It will be further observed that ordinance 14 was passed after the above constitutional amendment, so that both the municipal contract and the legislative act attempting to legalize it come under the ban of the constitution.

We therefore advise you that neither the Brainerd Water and Power company nor its successors hold any exclusive franchise in the city of Brainerd; that no existing franchise prevents the city from establishing, maintaining and operating water works in the city of Brainerd for the purpose of supplying itself and its inhabitants with water, or from granting such privilege to other parties than the present water company.

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Any special grant or license by the city council to an individual to do any unusual act in the street, such as are incident to laying and repairing water pipes, necessarily abridges the absolute control of the city during the existence of such rights. It is a well established rule of law that a city council may grant such special privileges when done for the public good and for purposes recognized to be to that end; but the privilege must not be any more extensive or any longer in duration than is reasonably necessary to accomplish the purpose sought.

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If, however, this clause should be so construed as to evince an intended perpetual franchise, then it is our opinion that it is void. That it runs for an unreasonable length of time and that the city council exceeded its authority when it attempted to make such a contract.

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SIXTH.

Chapter 284, Laws of 1903, is "An act to authorize and empower cities in the state of Minnesota, having a population of 10,000 inhabitants or less to acquire by condemnation proceedings water work plants and issue bonds in payment therefor."

This act is quite lengthy, and we think that is best for your information to submit the whole law with our report.

The act evidently intends to vest in the city power to acquire title to existing water works property and franchises by condemnation proceedings. It is probable that the city, exercising the power vested in it by this law, may by proceeding in court, acquire title to the property and franchise of the present water company, free and clear of all title rights, liens and claims of everybody. This is accomplished by action in court instituted by the city in which all parties interested are made parties defendant. The value of the property is determined by an impartial commission appointed by the court; whose report, when approved by the court, fixes the amount to be paid by the city.

The judgment of the court, in the same action, determines who shall receive this money so paid by the city, so that in the final judgment in the matter the title to all the property, franchise and everything vests in the city free and

clear of all claims and liens of everybody. The same act empowers the city, on certain conditions, to issue its bonds in payment for such water works.

It would not seem that this act is intended to give to the city power to construct water works and issue bonds for that purpose, but only to acquire title to existing waterworks. Of course the city would have power, by implication, to improve and extend its property after it had once acquired title.

Get Them Down
...NOW...

We are Prepared to Lay
CEMENT SIDEWALKS

and this is a good time to engage the work done, for we expect to get very busy in a month or so.

J. H. KELEHAN,
Sixth Street South.



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Ostermoor Mattresses.

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H. D. TREGLAUNY, Cashier.
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Capital \$25,000. Surplus \$10,000.

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Dee Holden,
Sleeper Block, Front Street
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can guarantee.

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Massage, Manicure, Shampooing,
Skin and Scalp Treatment.
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Telephone call 20-3.

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TIN SHOP
All kinds of building, general
repairing and job work.....
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Charles Treglawny,
Cor. 6th — and Laurel,
(Next door to Dykeman and Lukens.)

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Practice confined to Disease of the
EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT.
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Brainerd, Minnesota.

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and are on a scale of one
inch to the mile. The
location of every town and
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school house in the county
and all established roads
are shown, in fact, the
map is strictly accurate
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THE JEWISH PETITION

STATEMENT FROM DEPARTMENT
OF STATE OUTLINES ADMINIS-
TRATION'S POSITION.

MEMORIAL WILL BE SENT

UNOFFICIAL INTIMATIONS OF AT-
TITUDE OF RUSSIA WILL NOT
CAUSE ANY DELAY.

Washington, July 2.—The position
of the administration regarding the
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government in the event of the pre-
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brought to the attention of high officers
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as follows:

The delay in forwarding the petition
of the American citizens of the Jewish
faith as to the ill-treatment of their
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to the delay in furnishing the address
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tioners.

The state department would, of
course, pay no heed to any statement
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or other to our own government.

Department Has Been Careful.

The state department has been care-
ful to act only in accordance with all
requirements of official propriety, but
within the limits thus laid down, it
will most certainly not hesitate to
give expression to the deep sympathy
felt, not only by the administration,
but by all the American people, for
the unfortunate Jews who have been
the victims in the recent appalling
massacres and outrages.

The foregoing statement was made
by a high official of the state depart-
ment in the absence of Secretary Hay.
In this connection it was pointed
out by another official, who disclaimed
to speak in his official capacity, how-
ever, that it seemed somewhat strange
to say the least, that "the Russian
government would choose this par-
ticular method of making a statement
to the American people at this very
time when by methods certainly the
reverse of friendly to the United
States it has sought to make China
join in breaking the plighted faith of
all treaties as to open door in Man-
churia and has endeavored to bar our
people from access to Manchuria trade."

The above statement was shown to
Count Cassini, the Russian ambas-
sador, but he declined to make any
comment on it. Any reply to this state-
ment must be made under direct in-
structions from St. Petersburg. It is
realized both at the state department
and at the Russian embassy that the
situation is extremely delicate.

TRANSFER OF BUREAUS.

Several Pass to Control of Department
of Commerce.

Washington, July 2.—The transfer of
the various bureaus which are to be
assembled under the act creating the
department of commerce and labor to
the new department took place during
the day. The transfer was attended
by a pleasant ceremony in the office
of Secretary Cortelyou. The chiefs of
all the bureaus, the control of which
passed to the new department, gathered
in addition there were a number of dis-
tinguished persons present, including
Secretary Moody of the navy depart-
ment. Secretary Cortelyou made a
brief address concerning the objects
and aims of the department and there
were several responses.

WILL VISIT ST. LOUIS.

Two German Princes Coming to the
Exposition.

New York, July 2.—It is semi-offi-
cially announced here, says an Ameri-
can dispatch from Kiel, that as a fur-
ther demonstration of the entente be-
tween the imperial government and the
United States, emphasized by the
German naval contributions to the Ameri-
can squadron, Prince Adalbert and
Princess Henry of Prussia, with their
suites, have been authorized to visit
the St. Louis exposition. Prince Adal-
bert is Emperor William's third son.
He is nineteen years of age.

KILLED BY A COLT.

Animal Drags a North Dakota Boy To
His Death.

Grand Forks, N. D., July 2.—While
Albert Gratz, twelve years old, was
leading a colt to water on his father's
farm, two miles from Dresden, Cavalier
county, the colt became frightened
and ran away, dragging the boy, whose
wrist became entangled in the halter
rope, a quarter of a mile, and he was
dead when he was reached.

Street Car Men Injured.

St. Paul, July 2.—Two conductors
of the street railway company met
with serious accidents yesterday. They
were Henry Belanger and William
Riley. The former had his left foot
crushed under a car, and the latter
sustained a fracture of three ribs and
probable internal injuries by being
pinned between a car and a post.

Frosts Damage Mexican Crops.

Mexico City, July 2.—Unseasonable
frosts in the Valley of Mexico have
damaged crops to the value of \$1,000-
000. Frosts at this time of year are
unprecedented.

RELIANCE MAKES FAST TIME.

New Boat Again Outrivals Constitution
and Columbia.

New York, July 2.—The three Ameri-
can cup yachts raced again Wednes-
day over a thirty-mile windward and
leeward course and once more the Re-
liance demonstrated her superiority
over the Constitution and the Colum-
bia. The 1903 boat defeated the Con-
stitution by five minutes, thirty sec-
onds and the Columbia by five min-
utes, forty-nine seconds. The time of
three hours, four minutes and twenty-
seven seconds made by the Reliance
breaks the new cup course record of
three hours, nine minutes and fifty-
three seconds made on Monday by the
new boat. The Constitution came
within four seconds of the time made
on Monday and the old defender was
twenty-four seconds behind it. Not
only was the boat to windward made
in remarkably fast time by all the con-
testants, but on the run home with
spinnakers and balloons pulling like
mad, the three sloops fairly flew. The
Reliance again excelled the Constitu-
tion at this point of sailing, covering
the fifteen miles in one hour, eleven
minutes and forty seconds, better
speed than most steamers can make.

Christian Scientists Adjourn.

Boston, July 2.—The Christian Sci-
entists closed their series of meetings
with a large gathering in Mechanics
Hall for prayer and the relation of ex-
periences of healing through Christian Sci-
ence. The day was spent in small
sessions or in visiting places of in-
terest about the city.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Princeton men are reported to have
found the remains of a stone age city
in Montana.

The automobile race for the Gordon-
Bennett cup begins at Bally Shannan,
Ireland, today.

The United States European squad-
ron has arrived at Kallundborg, Den-
mark, from Kiel.

Secretary Cortelyou has announced
the appointment of H. O. Weaver of
Ohio to be his private secretary.

One death and eight prostrations
from heat are reported at Pittsburgh
with the thermometer at 88 degrees.

Mrs. Anna Oppenheimer has been
arrested charged with poisoning her
child, at the Deaconess hospital, Cin-
cinnati, two weeks ago.

Philadelphia Jack O'Brien and Kid
Carter of Brooklyn fought six rounds
to a draw at Philadelphia. O'Brien
put up the better fight.

Anthony Hope Hawkins, the author,
and Miss Elizabeth Sheldon of New
York, were married at St. Bride's
church, London, Wednesday.

Postmaster General Payne has is-
sued an order abolishing the position
of physician in postoffices at the close
of business on June 30, 1903.

Lord Culver of Tulse, lord cham-
berlain to Queen Alexandra and pre-
sident of the Honorable Artillery com-
pany, died in London Wednesday night.

The Westchester Country club of
New York won the polo championship
of the United States from the Bryn
Mawr team by a score of 9½ goals to
6 at Philadelphia.

On recommendation of Governor
Taft, General Davis and Secretary
Root, President Roosevelt has par-
doned Tomas Bascos, Gonzalo Manu-
pon, Lorenzo Camaya and Pascua
Pasis, all Filipinos, imprisoned for
various crimes.

BASEBALL SCORES.

National League.

At New York, 5; St. Louis, 2.
At Philadelphia, 12; Chicago, 4.
At Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburgh, 4.

American League.

At Chicago, 9; Boston 1—ten in-
nings.
At Detroit, 1; Washington, 4.
At Cleveland, 8; Philadelphia, 9.
At St. Louis, 3; New York, 7.

American Association.

At Minneapolis, 4; St. Paul, 8—ten
innings.
At Columbus, 7; Indianapolis, 4.
At Milwaukee, 7; Kansas City, 5.
At Toledo, 12; Louisville, 3—called
on account of darkness and eighth
inning.
Second game—Milwaukee, 6; Kansas
City, 9.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 1.—Wheat—Cash,
82½¢; July, 82½¢; Sept., 74½¢. On
track—No. 1 hard, 84½¢; No. 1 North-
ern, 83½¢; No. 2 Northern, 82½¢; No.
3 Northern, 81¢; 82¢.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 1.—Wheat—To arrive
—No. 1 hard, 84½¢; No. 1 Northern,
82½¢; No. 2 Northern, 80½¢; July,
82½¢; Sept., 75½¢; Dec., 73¢. Flax—
In store, 99½¢; to arrive, on track
and July, 99½¢; Sept., \$1.01; Oct.,
\$1.01½; Nov., \$1.01½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 1.—Cattle—Good to
choice steers, \$4.25 to \$5.00; common to
fair, \$3.00 to \$4.00; choice cows and heif-
ers, \$3.25 to \$4.00; veals, \$.50 to \$5.00.
Hogs—\$5.45 to \$5.85. Sheep—Good to
choice, \$4.50 to \$5.00; heavy, \$4.25 to \$4.60;
choice lambs, \$5.75 to \$6.25.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 1.—Cattle—Good to
prime steers, \$4.90 to \$5.50; poor to me-
dium, \$4.25 to \$4.70; stockers and feed-
ers, \$2.50 to \$4.50; cows, \$1.60 to \$4.40;
heifers, \$2.50 to \$4.75; calves, \$2.50 to
\$6.25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$5.70
to \$5.90; good to choice heavy, \$5.80 to
\$5.90; rough heavy, \$5.60 to \$5.75; light,
\$5.80 to \$6.05. Sheep—Good to choice,
\$3.75 to \$4.25; Western, \$2.50 to \$4.15;
native lambs, \$4.00 to \$6.45; Western, \$4.00
to \$4.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 1.—Wheat—July,
76½¢; old, 76½¢; Sept., 75½¢ to 75½¢;
old, 75½¢; Dec., 75½¢; old, 75½¢;
May, 77½¢ to 77½¢. Corn—July, 49½¢;
Sept., 50½¢; Dec., 48½¢ to 48½¢; May,
48½¢ to 48½¢. Oats—July, 39½¢; Sept.,
33½¢; Dec., 34¢; May, 35½¢. Pork—
July, \$15.52½; Sept., \$15.77½. Flax—
Cash, Northwestern, \$1.02; Southwest-
ern, 99¢; Sept., \$1.00½; Oct., \$1.02.
Butter—Creameries, 16¢ to 20¢; dairies,
15¢ to 18¢. Eggs—12¢ to 14¢. Poultry—
Turkeys, 10¢; chickens, 11¢.

RESCUERS IN DANGER

ANOTHER EXPLOSION FEARED IN
THE BURNING COAL MINE
AT HANNA, WYO.

SITUATION IS VERY GRAVE

FLAMES MAY BREAK THROUGH
INTO ENTRIES AND BURN UP
SCORES OF BODIES.

Hanna, Wyo., July 2.—Information
was received last night from an ex-
perienced miner, who penetrated the
mine to the sixteenth level, that the
workings below the seventeenth level
are a mass of flames and where a few
hours ago it was believed the rescuers
would reach the bodies of the en-
tombled, not later than today noon, the
efforts of those working below the sur-
face are now confined to the work of
walling up the entries and the slope
and putting up fire-proof barriers
which will prevent the flames from
reaching the seventeenth and other
levels above. This is taken as an in-
dication that the rescuers realize the
futility of attempting to rescue the
entombed miners below the seventh
level.

Added to the horrors of the fire,
which will doubtless destroy the un-
derground workings, is the danger of
another explosion which may occur at
any time.

The situation is decidedly grave,
and the citizens are becoming alarmed
for the safety of those who are work-
ing below the surface, and also those
engaged in hauling away the debris
from the mouth of the slope. If the
entries in which the fire is burning
can be successfully walled and the fire
confined to a few entries, there will be
little to fear, but

There Is Great Danger

of the flames breaking through
into the entries from which the res-
cuers are moving rock and consume
two score or more bodies known to be
in No. 17 level. Heretofore gas has
accumulated in such large quantities
that the rescuers cannot remain long
at a time, and the gas if once ignited
will cause the second catastrophe.

Fire fighters and volunteers are ar-
riving on every train. The force is
well organized and the work is pro-
gressing as fast as possible.

The watch carried by Deacon Jones,
one of the dead men brought out last
night, was stopped at 10:27; and this
is probably the exact time the acci-
dent occurred.

Schill, whose body was recovered
Wednesday, was granted a leave of ab-
sence and went into the mine to get
his tools. He was on his way out and
had reached the ninth level when the
explosion occurred. He was probably
killed outright by a heavy timber that
was found lying across his body.

Of the 167 dead, fully two-thirds
were married and leave large families.
The several nationalities were repre-
sented as follows:

Finlanders, 102; colored, 25; Ameri-
cans, 15; Irish, 6; Swedes, 6; Italians,
11; Prussians, 1.

Two bodies were taken out last
night. Arrangements have been per-
fected to care for the bodies as fast
as they are removed from the mine.
The shaft house has been transformed
into a temporary morgue. The coal
company will defray the funeral ex-
penses in most cases.

CYCLONES IN MINNESOTA.

Ten Persons Killed Near Wilder and
Heron Lake.

Wilder, Minn., July 2.—A cyclone
passed over this place from a south-
westerly direction at 7:20 p. m., doing
deadly work wherever it touched the
earth. The first place it struck was
on the farm of Dr. Westerman, living
four and one-half miles northwest, de-
molishing all his magnificent farm
buildings. No fatalities are reported
from this place.

From here the storm turned, going
in a direct easterly direction, taking
everything in its path, forty rods wide
and about eight miles long, the next
farm in line being the Dan Gallagher
place, where it demolished all the build-
ings and killed Mr. Gallagher and his
two daughters, Ella and Nettie.

From here the cyclone continued
eastward, taking part of Mr. Crowell's
farm buildings, but causing no fatali-
ties.

Heron Lake, Minn., July 2.—Mr. Jo-
seph Fritcher, living two miles from
town, and her two children were
killed by a cyclone which demolished
their home.

Joseph Mathias, living nearby, was
killed, eighty rods from his house, by
flying timbers.

Two persons are also reported killed
on the Habbram farm southwest of
here.

BAD STORMS IN WISCONSIN.

Several Buildings Blown Down and
Other Property Damaged.

Milwaukee, July 2.—A Sentinel spe-
cial from Chippewa Falls, Wis., says:
The most destructive storm of the
year here destroyed crops, buildings
and railroad tracks over a large area
north and south of this city. Several
inches of water fell, washing out the
Wisconsin Central tracks in a dozen
places in both directions and delaying
trains an entire day between here
and Stevens Point. Several barns
were wrecked and live stock killed.

Other places in Wisconsin report
severe storm damage.

Green Bay and Deperre report the
worst storm of wind, hail, rain and
lightning in their experience. Houses
and barns were wrecked and a number
of horses were killed. Crops were
badly damaged.

Algona reports a hurricane which
levelled trees, fences and buildings and
a torrent of rain. The storm was
especially severe in the town of
Ahnape, Red River, whence reports
come of forty-five buildings blown
down. No loss of life is reported.

Appleton, Manitowoc and Pewaukee
also report a severe storm.

WANTS. FRANK ADY,

Real Estate and
INSURANCE

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5 minutes walk from
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two miles north of Deer-
wood at a great bargain. Will trade
for city property.

How are you "fixed" for
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FIRE and TORNADO

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office or telephone 51-2 and
I will do the rest.

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easy payments.

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parts of the city.

East Hotel,
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Sample Room,
Choice Wines, Liquors and
Cigars.

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101 KINDRED ST. TELEPHONE, 190.

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TIME CARD—BRainerd.

EAST BOUND: Arrive. Depart

No. 6, St. Paul, Express 12:45 p. m. 1:35 p. m.

No. 14, Duluth Express 3:55 a. m. 4:05 a. m.

No. 12, Duluth Express 1:00 p. m. 1:10 p. m.

WEST BOUND: Arrive. Depart

No. 5, Fargo Express 1:05 p. m. 1:35 p. m.

No. 13, Pacific Express 11:55 p. m. 12:05 a. m.

No. 11, Pacific Express 12:35 p. m. 12:45 p. m.

Trains 13, 14, 11 and 12 daily.

L. F. & D. BRANCH

No. 22, Duluth, Sault
Center & Morris

No. 21, Morris, Sault Cen-
ter & Brainerd.....

Daily, except Sunday,
5:20 p. m. 7:20 a. m.

G. W. MOSIER,
Agent.

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St. Louis and the South

are conveniently and comfort-
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a day.

The Limited leaving Minneap-
olis at 7:25 a. m., St. Paul 8:00 p. m.,
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lowing afternoon. Combination
Compartment and Standard
Sleepers and Reclining Chairs.
The Semi-Express leaving Min-
neapolis at 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:05 a. m.,
except Sunday, arrives in St.
Louis early next morning. Sleep-
ing Cars from Rock Island south.

This is the most direct route
from Minneapolis and St. Paul
to Clinton, Davenport, Rock
Island, and all Mississippi river
cities.

Passengers by either train
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southwest in St. Louis Union
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2:30..... Kindred St..... 11:50

2:50..... M. & L. Shops..... 11:45

3:00..... Leake..... 11:35

3:30..... Merrifield..... 11:25

3:45..... Hubert..... 11:15

3:50..... Smiley..... 11:08

3:52..... Paget..... 10:58

3:59..... Jenkins..... 10:45

4:00..... Pine River..... 10:36

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The maps are the very
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Department Has Been Careful.

The state department has been careful to act only in accordance with all requirements of official propriety, but within the limits thus laid down, it will most certainly not hesitate to give expression to the deep sympathy felt, not only by the administration, but by all the American people, for the unfortunate Jews who have been the victims in the recent appalling massacres and outrages.

The foregoing statement was made by a high official of the state department in the absence of Secretary Hay. In this connection it was pointed out by another official, who disclaimed to speak in his official capacity, however, that it seemed somewhat strange to say the least, that "the Russian government" would choose this particular method of making a statement to the American people at this very time when by methods certainly the reverse of friendly to the United States it has sought to make China join in breaking the pledged faith of all treaties as to open door in Manchuria and has endeavored to bar our people from access to Manchuria trade."

The above statement was shown to Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, but he declined to make any comment on it. Any reply to this statement must be made under direct instructions from St. Petersburg. It is realized both at the state department and at the Russian embassy that the situation is extremely delicate.

TRANSFER OF BUREAUS.

Several Pass to Control of Department of Commerce.

Washington, July 2.—The transfer of the various bureaus which are to be assembled under the act creating the department of commerce and labor to the new department took place during the day. The transfer was attended by a pleasant ceremony in the office of Secretary Cortelyou. The chiefs of all the bureaus, the control of which passed to the new department, gathered in the secretary's office and in addition there were a number of distinguished persons present, including Secretary Moody of the navy department. Secretary Cortelyou made a brief address concerning the objects and aims of the department and there were several responses.

WILL VISIT ST. LOUIS.

Two German Princes Coming to the Exposition.

New York, July 2.—It is semi-officially announced here, says an American dispatch from Kiel, that as a further demonstration of the entente between the imperial government and the United States, emphasized by the German naval cordialities to the American squadron, Prince Adalbert and Prince Henry of Prussia, with their suites, have been authorized to visit the St. Louis exposition. Prince Adalbert is Emperor William's third son. He is nineteen years of age.

KILLED BY A COLT.

Animal Drags a North Dakota Boy To His Death.

Grand Forks, N. D., July 2.—While Albert Gratz, twelve years old, was leading a colt to water on his father's farm, two miles from Dresden, Cavalier county, the colt became frightened and ran away, dragging the boy, whose wrist became entangled in the halter rope, a quarter of a mile, and he was dead when he was reached.

Street Car Men Injured.

St. Paul, July 2.—Two conductors of the street railway company met with serious accidents yesterday. They were Henry Belanger and William Riley. The former had his left foot crushed under a car, and the latter sustained a fracture of three ribs and probable internal injuries by being pinned between a car and a post.

Frosts Damage Mexican Crops.

Mexico City, July 2.—Unseasonable frosts in the Valley of Mexico have damaged crops to the value of \$1,000,000. Frosts at this time of year are unprecedented.

RELiance MAKES FAST TIME.
New Boat Again Outraces Constitution and Columbia.

New York, July 2.—The three American cup yachts raced again Wednesday over a thirty-mile windward and leeward course and once more the Reliance demonstrated her superiority over the Constitution and the Columbia. The 1903 boat defeated the Constitution by five minutes, thirty seconds and the Columbia by five minutes, forty-nine seconds. The time of three hours, four minutes and twenty-seven seconds made by the Reliance breaks the new cup record of three hours, nine minutes and fifty-three seconds made on Monday by the new boat. The Constitution came within four seconds of the time made on Monday and the old defender was twenty-four seconds behind it. Not only was the boat to windward made in remarkably fast time by all the contestants, but on the run home with spinnakers and balloons pulling like mad, the three sloops fairly flew. The Reliance again excelled the Constitution at this point of sailing, covering the fifteen miles in one hour, eleven minutes and forty seconds, better speed than most steamers can make.

Christian Scientists Adjourn.

Boston, July 2.—The Christian Scientists closed their series of meetings with a large gathering in Mechanics Hall for prayer and the relation of experiences of healing through Christian Science. The day was spent in small reunions or in visiting places of interest about the city.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Princeton men are reported to have found the remains of a stone age city in Montana.

The automobile race for the Gordon Bennett cup begins at Bally Shannon, Ireland, today.

The United States European squadron has arrived at Kallundborg, Denmark, from Kiel.

Secretary Cortelyou has announced the appointment of H. O. Weaver of Ohio to be his private secretary.

One death and eight prostrations from heat are reported at Pittsburgh with the thermometer at 88 degrees.

Mrs. Anna Oppenheimer has been arrested charged with poisoning her child, at the Deaconess hospital, Cincinnati, two weeks ago.

Philadelphia Jack O'Brien and Kid Carter of Brooklyn fought six rounds to a draw at Philadelphia. O'Brien put up the better fight.

Anthony Hope Hawkins, the author, and Miss Elizabeth Sheldon of New York, were married at St. Bride's church, London, Wednesday.

Postmaster General Payne has issued an order abolishing the position of physician in postoffices at the close of business on June 30, 1903.

Lord Culver of Tulse, lord chamberlain to Queen Alexandra and president of the Honorable Artillery company, died in London Wednesday night.

The Westchester Country club of New York won the polo championship of the United States from the Bryn Mawr team by a score of 9½ goals to 6 at Philadelphia.

On recommendation of Governor Taft, General Davis and Secretary Root, President Roosevelt has pardoned Tomas Bascos, Gonzalo Manuipon, Lorenzo Camaya and Pascuala Passis, all Filipinos, imprisoned for various crimes.

BASEBALL SCORES.

National League.
At New York, 5; St. Louis, 2.
At Philadelphia, 12; Chicago, 4.
At Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburgh, 4.

American League.
At Chicago, 0; Boston 1—ten innings.
At Detroit, 1; Washington, 4.
At Cleveland, 3; Philadelphia, 9.
At St. Louis, 3; New York, 7.

American Association.
At Minneapolis, 4; St. Paul, 8—ten innings.
At Columbus, 7; Indianapolis, 4.
At Milwaukee, 7; Kansas City, 5.
At Toledo, 12; Louisville, 3—called on account of darkness end eighth inning.
Second game—Milwaukee, 6; Kansas City, 0.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.
Minneapolis, July 1.—Wheat—Cash, 83½c; July, 82½c; Sept., 74½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 84½c; No. 1 Northern, 82½c; No. 2 Northern, 82½c; No. 3 Northern, \$1.01½.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.
Duluth, July 1.—Wheat—To arrive—No. 1 hard, 83½c; No. 1 Northern, 82½c; No. 2 Northern, 80½c; July, 82½c; Sept., 75½c; Dec., 73c. Flax—In store, 99½c; to arrive, on track and July, 99½c; Sept., \$1.01; Oct., \$1.01½; Nov., \$1.01½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.
St. Paul, July 1.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$4.25@5.00; common to fair, \$3.00@4.00; choice cows and heifers, \$3.25@4.00; veals, \$5.50@5.00. Hogs—\$5.45@5.85. Sheep—Good to choice, \$4.50@5.00; heavy, \$4.25@4.60; choice lambs, \$5.75@6.25.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.
Chicago, July 1.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, \$4.90@5.50; poor to medium, \$4.25@4.90; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4.70; cows, \$1.60@4.40; heifers, \$2.50@4.75; calves, \$2.50@4.25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$5.70@5.90; good to choice heavy, \$5.80@5.90; rough heavy, \$5.60@5.75; light, \$5.80@6.05. Sheep—Good to choice, \$3.75@4.25; Western, \$2.50@4.15; native lambs, \$4.00@6.45; Western, \$4.00@4.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.
Chicago, July 1.—Wheat—July, 76½c; old, 76½c; Sept., 75½c@75½c; old, 75½c; Dec., 75½c; old, 75½c; May, 77½c@77½c. Corn—July, 49½c; Sept., 50½c; Dec., 48½c@48½c; May, 48½c@48½c. Oats—July, 39½c; Sept., 33½c; Dec., 34c; May, 35½c. Pork—July, \$15.52½; Sept., \$15.77½. Lard—Cash, Northwestern, \$1.02; Southwestern, 99c; Sept., \$1.00½; Oct., \$1.02. Butter—Creameries, 16@20c; dairies, 15@18c. Eggs—12½c@14c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10c; chickens, 11c.

RESCUERS IN DANGER

ANOTHER EXPLOSION FEARED IN
THE BURNING COAL MINE
AT HANNA, WYO.

SITUATION IS VERY GRAVE

FLAMES MAY BREAK THROUGH
INTO ENTRIES AND BURN UP
SCORES OF BODIES.

Hanna, Wyo., July 2.—Information was received last night from an experienced miner, who penetrated the mine to the sixteenth level, that the workings below the seventeenth level are a mass of flames and where a few hours ago it was believed the rescuers would reach the bodies of the entombed, not later than today noon, the efforts of those working below the surface are now confined to the work of walling up the entries and the slope and putting up fire-proof barriers which will prevent the flames from reaching the seventeenth and other levels above. This is taken as an indication that the rescuers realize the fruitlessness of attempting to rescue the entombed miners below the seventh level.

Added to the horrors of the fire, which will doubtless destroy the underground workings, is the danger of another explosion which may occur at any time.

The situation is decidedly grave, and the citizens are becoming alarmed for the safety of those who are working below the surface, and also those engaged in hauling away the debris from the mouth of the slope. If the entries in which the fire is burning can be successfully walled and the fire confined to a few entries, there will be little to fear, but

There Is Great Danger

of the flames breaking through into the entries from which the rescuers are moving rock and consume two score or more bodies known to be in No. 17 level. Heretofore gas has accumulated in such large quantities that the rescuers cannot remain long at a time, and the gas if once ignited will cause the second catastrophe.

Fire fighters and volunteers are arriving on every train. The force is well organized and the work is progressing as fast as possible.

The watch carried by Deacon Jones, one of the dead men brought out last night, was stopped at 10:27; and this is probably the exact time the accident occurred.

Schill, whose body was recovered Wednesday, was granted a leave of absence and went into the mine to get his tools. He was on his way out and had reached the ninth level when the explosion occurred. He was probably killed outright by a heavy timber that was found lying across his body.

Of the 167 dead, fully two-thirds were married and leave large families. The several nationalities were represented as follows:

Finlanders, 102; colored, 25; Americans, 15; Irish, 6; Swedes, 6; Italians, 11; Prussians, 1.

Two bodies were taken out last night. Arrangements have been perfected to care for the bodies as fast as they are removed from the mine. The shaft house has been transformed into a temporary morgue. The coal company will defray the funeral expenses in most cases.

CYCLONES IN MINNESOTA.

Ten Persons Killed Near Wilder and Heron Lake.

Wilder, Minn., July 2.—A cyclone passed over this place from a south-westerly direction at 7:20 a. m., doing deadly work wherever it touched the earth. The first place it struck was on the farm of Dr. Westerman, living four and one-half miles northwest, demolishing all his magnificent farm buildings. No fatalities are reported from this place.

From here the storm turned, going in a direct easterly direction, taking everything in its path, forty rods wide and about eight miles long, the next farm in line being the Dan Gallagher place, where it demolished all the buildings and killed Mr. Gallagher and his two daughters, Ella and Nettie.

From here the cyclone continued eastward, taking part of Mr. Crowell's farm buildings, but causing no fatalities.

Heron Lake, Minn., July 2.—Mrs. Joseph Fritcher, living two miles from town, and her two children were killed by a cyclone which demolished their home.

Joseph Mathias, living nearby, was killed, eighty rods from his house, by flying timbers.

Two persons are also reported killed on the Habbaram farm southwest of here.

BAD STORMS IN WISCONSIN.

Several Buildings Blown Down and Other Property Damaged.

Milwaukee, July 2.—A Sentinel special from Chippewa Falls, Wis., says: The most destructive storm of the year here destroyed crops, buildings and railroad tracks over a large area north and south of this city. Several inches of water fell, washing out the Wisconsin Central tracks in a dozen places in both directions and delaying trains an entire day between here and Stevens Point. Several barns were wrecked and live stock killed.

Other places in Wisconsin report severe storm damage. Green Bay and De Pere report the worst storm of wind, hail, rain and lightning in their experience. Houses and barns were wrecked and a number of horses were killed. Crops were badly damaged.

WANTS.

Notices under this head will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent a word for each insertion, strictly cash in advance, unless advertiser has ledger account with the office, but no ad will be taken for less than 10 cents.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply at 317, Main St. 22tf

WANTED—Man and wife to work on ranch. Address box 1877, Brainerd, Minn. 26tf

WANTED—People to know that the Merchants Hotel, St. Paul, is in all respects first-class. Remodeled and refurnished, and service the best. 48tf

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Advantages of free practice, licensed teachers and demonstrations until competent. Splendid facilities, revolving chairs, tools presented. Catalogues mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

BOARDS WANTED—Terms reasonable. Two blocks from shop yard. 214, 3rd Ave. N. E. 20tf

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms. Inquire 216 Broadway. 24tf

FOR RENT—Large furnished room, hot and cold water, bath and closet. Call 503, N. 3rd street. 21tf

FOR SALE—Furniture, apply at 400, 4th street north. 20tf

FOR SALE—House and lot, 512 4th ave. Cheap. Inquire Miss F. Fierkey, 1013 Eir street. 24tf

TORNADOES—CYCLONES—They are of frequent occurrences. Select your insurance so that you will receive immediate relief in case of financial distress caused by fire or storm. We pay all valid claims promptly.

J. R. SMITH, Sleeper Block.

REPORT SENT BACK.

American Rabbis Discuss Questions Bearing on the Jewish Sabbath.

Detroit, Mich., July 2.—The report from the Sabbath committee to the central conference of American Rabbis Wednesday provoked a discussion which occupied a large part of two sessions and resulted in the report being sent back to the committee to be placed in more concise form. The Sabbath committee was appointed at the last conference to consider and report on seven questions bearing on the Jewish Sabbath, one of the most important of which was whether holding services on Sunday in Jewish temples was a schismatic act which would result in separating the reformed Jews from their brethren. The committee was formed of seven rabbis. The report was long and, as many of those present pointed out, did not give answers to the questions. Instead of definite recommendations on the questions long discussions were given on them. This brought a heated debate.

AFTER EASTERN CAPITALISTS.

Indictments May Be Returned Against Them at St. Louis.

St. Louis, July 2.—Circuit Attorney Folk has information which may lead to the indictment of Eastern capitalists for bribery in connection with the transit bill which was passed by the Missouri legislature in 1899. The statute of limitations prevents the prosecution of those persons living in Missouri who are alleged to have been connected with the deal, but those living in New York are not protected. It is understood that such indictments would have to be found by the Cole county grand jury, as the deal was made in Jefferson, Mo. Should the indictments be voted the whole boodle story would doubtless come out for the first time.

The legislative agents were empowered, it is said, to use all the money necessary to overcome the objections of any member of the legislature. Circuit Attorney Folk expects to complete the chain of evidence in a few days.

KAISER'S BOAT BEATEN.

The Hamburg Defeats the Meteor in a Race From Eckernforde to Kiel.

Kiel, Prussia, July 2.—In the handicap yacht race from Eckernforde to Kiel, Wednesday, the Navahoe was the first to cross the line, followed closely by the Orion. The Threse was third and the Commodore fourth.

In the schooner class, the Hamburg beat the Meteor, sailed by Emperor William, by one and one-half minutes. A strong, gusty, northwest wind was blowing.

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160 acres of fine farm land two miles north of Deerwood at a great bargain. Will trade for city property.

How are you "fixed" for insurance? I write **FIRE and TORNADO**

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Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city.

East Hotel,
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Sample Room,
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The only Hotel in North East Brainerd, Minn.—

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101 KINDRED ST. TELEPHONE, 190.

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Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.
TIME CARD—BRainerd.

EAST BOUND:	Arrive	Depart
No. 6, St. Paul Express	12:45 p. m.	1:05 p. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express	3:55 a. m.	4:05 a. m.
No. 12, Duluth Express	1:00 p. m.	1:10 p. m.
Trains 13, 14, 11 and 12 daily.		
WEST BOUND:	Arrive	Depart
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:05 p. m.	1:25 p. m.
No. 13, Pacific Express	11:55 p. m.	12:05 a. m.
No. 11, Pacific Express	12:35 p. m.	12:45 p. m.

L. F. & D. BRANCH	Arrive	Depart
No. 22, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris	7:20 a. m.	
No. 21, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd	5:20 p. m.	
Daily, Except Sunday.		

G. W. MOSIER,
Agent.

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GOING NORTH	P. M.	GOING SOUTH	A. M.
2:00	Brainerd	11:50	
2:05	Kindred St.	11:55	
2:20	M. & I. Shops	11:43	
2:25	Leak	11:35	
2:35	Merrifield	11:25	
2:45	Harbert	11:15	
2:50	Smiley	11:08	
3:02	Pequot	10:56	
3:09	Jenkins	10:48	
3:21	Pine River	10:36	
3:30	Mildred	10:27	
3:42	Backus	10:15	
3:45	Island Lake	10:09	
4:00	Hackensack	9:57	
4:18	Hunters	9:43	
4:35	Walker	9:28	
4:42	Smiths	9:15	
4:52	Kabekona	9:08	
5:02	Lakeport	8:57	
5:15	Guthrie	8:43	
5:25	Nary	8:30	
5:42	South Bend	8:14	

A. M.	Brainerd	P. M.
6:30	Brainerd	8:10
6:35	Kindred St.	8:15
6:51	Turtle Lake	8:22
6:55	Farmington	8:28
7:05	Blackduck	8:37

W. H. GEMMELL, Gen. Manager.